MORNING EDITION

VOLUME 33.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY MORNING, AUG

13, 1861.

NUMBER 38.

Miscellaneous.

COAL! COAL! IAVE for sale, at all times, by the barge and at etail, and at the lowest market price, best qual-PITTSBURG COAL. Also, BEACH ECTTOM DOAL at much lower rates.

J. N. KELLOGG, Agent,

api4 dt' Third street, near corner of Main.

S. B. M'GILL, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in and

Importer of CIGARS, TOBACCO, SNUFF,

PIPES, &C.,

o. 307 Green street, between Third s d Fourth,
(Courier Buildings.)

A LARGE assortment of the best brands of CIGARS AND TOBACCO kep constantly on
fablic dtf lstp

CRAYSON SPRINGS, KY. THE undersigned having the entire control of James F. Clarkson's interest in this establishment, will open the same for the reception of visit-ors on the 10th of June, with a promise to keep a plain and substantial Kentucky Hotel, including all the best supplies the country will afford, and solidita matronage

TERMS OF BOARD:

P. CLARKSON.

WATER! WATER! LOUISVILLE PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT.

NO. 404 THIRD ST., BET. GREEN & JEFFERSON Water Pipes, Hydrants, Hose, &c. WEARE PRESS, BYMERIES, 12-98C, &C.

WEARE PRESS of to introduce WATER PIPES into Dwellings, Stores and Factorics, ou reasonable terms. We have a full stock of Bath Tube, Mater Closets, Shower Baths, Wash Basins, Hydrants, Hose and Boxes, Havinza long experience in the business, we suarrantee to give entire sails faction of sell with entered to give entire sails: In the business, we suarantee to give entire sa faction or all work entrusted to us. DONALY & STRADER. myl4 dtf Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitter

LOUIS JEFFERSON, (Formerly in the Store of R. L. Talbot & Co.,) Druggist and Apothecary, Southwest Corner of Market and Seventh streets LOUISVILLE, KY.

Having recently purchased from Dr. John Sargent his Stock and Fixtures, and having made larve additions thereto in the shape Cigars, Tobacco, Pure Liquors, &c., &c., I am now prepared to repond to the wants of all who may have me with a call.

Physicians Dr. against the control of the control of the control of the call. ne with a call, iclans' Prescriptions carefully and accu-compounded at all hours of the day or night

HAVING sold my stock of Druss, Medicines, Lee, to Mr. Louis Jefferson, I take great pleasure recommending him to the parronger in friends, as they will find him to be an experienced Apothecary.

MADAME ROSENBAUGH. DOCTRESS AND ASTROLOGIST,

DOCTRESS AND ASTROLOGIST,

WOULD most respectfully inform her friends and patrons of Louisville, that she has located on TENTH STREET, between Walnut and Chestnut stather name is at the door—where she is ready to practice upon all standing diseases that flesh and blood are helt to, such as Dispersia, Dropsy, Liver Complaint, Fits, Blindness, Deafness, Affection of the Spieen, Rheunatism and Palsy; and will warrant cures in all cases of Cancers, Scrofuls, Tetter, Erystipelas, Bunious and Corns, when the patient is no beyond the reach of medical aid.

Madame R, being the first Astrologist of the city, will also guarantee to give true and correct information on all the events of life of what changes are before; whether you will marry; will tell of absent friends, and trace lost property, Ac. She has a secret connected with her profession which will enable any one to obtain many points in bestness of losses. She has also in her possession the celebrated ROCE DIAMOND, brought from Africa, where in persons can see their future partners, friends or others. Madame R, is happy to say that she la the only person that can sive lucky numbers in Lottery, P, S.—Madame R, being a natural Medium, will answer any questions.

Fee from Si cents to £2, for Ladies and Gentle nswer any questions.

Fee from 50 cents to \$2, for Ladies and Gentle
12023 dtf

FREE OF CHARGE. Diseases of the Thront and Lunes treated by a sew method of Medicated inhabition and constitutional treatment. We offer new remedies on thely vegetable, which has proved a speedy and effectual cure in the following diseases, viz: Bronchids, all Diseases of the Throat and Lunes, all diseases of the Heart, of the Stomach, of the Liver, of the Kidney, Dropsy, St. Vitus' Dance, Cancers, Scrodula, Chronte Ulcers, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Pistula, Spasns, Fits, Diseases of the Eye and Ear, Seminal Weekness, Skin Diseases, Rupture, Distribute, and, in short, all curable diseases. We are not a "our-all" Doctor, and will undertake no case without a fair prospect of recovery. 28 No extra charge mode to parients for the application of Magneto Flectricity.

FEMALE DISEASES

Females troubled with Suppressions, Irregular ities, Lucorrhea, or Whites, Falling of the Womb Polypsus of the Uterus, Tumors of any kind, Barren neas, all Urinary Diseases, Paindu or Difficult Men struction, Nervors Debility, Ac., will be speed illy cured without the use of poisonous drugs injurious or unpalatable medicities of any kind. Have no delicacy in calling, no difference what your troubles may be. I do not expect you to place your results of the continuous continuous continuous and the afficient of the afficient are cordially invited to call and satisfy themselves. All communications strictly confidential. All letters addressed to our care, including a stamp, giving symptoms and nature of Disease, will receive prompt attention.

43 Office on First street, fourth door above Mar-

dice on First street, fourth door above Mar-nisville, Ky. Office hours from 8 A. M. till

MADAME BARNUM. THE CELEBEATED SPANISH ASTROLOGIST, CLAIRVOYANTE,

FEMALE PHYSICIAN. No. 221 Main street, South side, between ! and Fioyd.

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Louisville, that she has just arrived in the city, and can be consulted on all matters pertaining to Life, either Past. Present, or Future, Tracing the lines of Life from infancy to old age, partica larizing each event in regard to Business, Love, Marriage, Courtship, Losses, Law Matters, and Sickness of Relatives and Friends at a Dister The Malame will show her visitors a life-like epresentation of their future husbands and wives. The Mademe has a magic art, and can reconcile quarrels between men and wives or other people. She also has on hand a series of original paintings of her own fancy, which she has been for many years getting up, which she will exhibit for a small compensation, with the Madame in her painting

ECUSEREEPRS' EMPORIUM. P. M. JONES,

Manufacturer and Degler in STOVES AND TINWARE. PATENT REFRIGERATOR

Water Coolers, Bath Tubs Housekeeping Articles Generally.
NO. 77 FOURTH STREET,
Two doors a ove National Hotel,
ad27dtf LOUISVILLE. RY:

MADAMEISABEL SNELL. Doctress and Astrologist,

Eighth street, second door from Grayson WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Louisvilie that she is able to tell anything they have in their mind, and can help persons out of trouble, no matter what it is. She was born with a secret that enables her to surpass any one else in telling fortunes. She can also find out through her secret all circumstances of sickness, and can led what will cure, as there are roots growing for every lisease in the world.

Madame is the only one that, can wake her years and can be the control of the con

sein the world, dame is the only one that can make Dr. Huf-dame is the only one that can make Dr. Huf-s Life E-sence pure. This mixture is good for seases, and can only be bought in her office— et street, between First and Second. No. 118,

TUESDAY MORNINGAUGUST 13. MILITARY.

DAILY COURIER.

LOUISVILLE:

[All notices published under this heading will be charged five cents per line—payable in-variably in advance.]

Attention, Kentucky Rangers Man's on WebNEs DAY, 14th inst., at oline of clock A. M., with equipments for parade.

By order of THE CAPTAIN.

The Citizen Guards Will assemble at their Armory on Wedness day, August 14th, at 4 P. M., in full dress uniform, for parase. All the other State uniform, for parase. All the other State of the day of the other state will be formed on Jefferson street with the right resting on Fifth, and will move iron there at 4% o'clock, under command of Lieut, Col. Morris. The Citizen Guards hope to have every Company, in full strength, with them on this parade. ROBT. BIGGS.

2013 d2&e1

The Courier at Nashville. Messrs. GREEN & Co., are the sole and excl sive agents of the Courier at Nashville. They will deliver it to egular subscribers and supply it to dealers and news-boys.

The Courier at St. Louis.

The Louisville Courter can be found in St. Louis at Willie H. Gray's, North-west corner of Third and Olive streets, opposite the Post

SPECIAL NOTICE.

To our Subscribers, Correspondents, and Exchanges in the Southern Confederacy.

We have to request our friends, corres pondents and exchanges in the Confederate States to direct everything to us to-" LOUISVILLE COURIER,

Nashville, Tenn.'

Capt. Frank Overton's Cavalry Con pany, composed of members from Meade and Hardin counties, passed through Eliza bethtown yesterday, en route for the South ern Confederacy. We understand that they are all, or nearly all, of the best and wealthiest families of the two counties, and are as fine looking a body of men as ever went into camp. They were met by a large number of the citizens of Elizabethtown, with Southern flag, and escorted to town amid the cheers of the populace and the smiles and heartfelt greeting of the ladies, to Hay craft's Hotel, where they took dinner, prepared for them at the instance of the citizens.

This company was equipped at the ex-

heard from, viz:

Johnson and Floyd-Jno. M. Elliott. Pike and Letcher-David May. Magoffin and Breathitt-Joseph Gardner Morgan and Wolfe-Hampton. Perry, &c .- Combs.

COLUMBIADS IN VIRGINIA .-- A private letter, from a trustworthy source in Virginia, (says the New York Tribune,) de clares that the Rebels have 1,000 colum biads-rescued from the Norfolk Navy yard-planted in various positions to guard the approach to Richmond, and that be tween two and three hundred columbiads are now mounted upon the heights of Manassas.

John M. Burns, Esq, Southern Rights, is elected Senator in the District composed of the counties of Floyd, Pike, Johnson and Magoffin. Carlo B. Britain is elected to the Senate in the counties of Harlan, Letcher, Perry and Clay.

THE CONFISCATION BILL -- We under s'and that Mr. Crittenden made a personal appeal to President Lincoln to veto the Confiscation Bill, recently passed by Congress. The appeal, however, was without

ADJOURNMENT. - The Legislature of Maryland has adjourned over until Tuesday the 17th of September. An effort was made, but failed, to hold the next session at Aunapolis. It will therefore reassemble at Frederick.

COLLISION.-We learn from the Cleveland Herald, that the Iron City was run into by a schooner on the Sault Canal, and had her upper works torn off. The engine of the Iron City was so badly hurt that she is not expected to live.

GOOD FOR MCCRACKEN !- In Paducah at the recent election, only five Union votes were cast, out of a population of seven thousand citizens. This we learn from a reliable gentleman who resides there.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD.—The train for Indianapolis that has heretofore started from Jeffersonville at 12:20 A. M., will hereafter leave at 11 o'clock P. M.

2,000 Kentucky Six's sold at Nev York on Wednesday, at 76.

Monday, August 5th, 1861, S. Bar ker & Co., 317 Fourth street, Louisville, Ky., will offer at very low prices 1,000 pieces of domestic goods, of all grades, bleached and brown, from 3/4 to 3 yards wide. Also their whole stock of dress goods at greatly reduced prices. Five hundred pieces of linen goods and

house keeping articles very low. Three hundred pieces of white goods consisting of plain, plaid and striped cambries, jaconets, Swiss and book muslins, ladies' and gents' linen handkerchiefs, embroidery, and laces. Also 1,000 doz, hosiery of all kinds and

sizes. Also carpets, and oil cloths, cheap. Persons visiting the city will find a full stock of goods at low prices. au 5-d tf. S. BARKER & CO.

WOLF & DURRINGER'S COLT'S CART RIDGES.-We are now manufacturing the above cartridges for all sizes of Colt's pistols. Call and see them. We also keep Smith & Wesson's cartridges, at wholesale WOLF & DURRINGER.

july6 tf Corner of Fifth and Market. See Bland's advertisement. Money loaned on diamonds, &c. Office on Market street, between Third and Fourth.

The Election in Tennessee. The Nashville Union and American, of Sunday, has full returns of the late election in Tennessee of all but fourteen counties, giving a majority of 47,117 for the new Constitution. The remaining counties will increase the majority fully 10,000, with, how ever, a falling off in the vote of the State. That of course is attributable to the absence of the gallant volunteers, the soldiers fighting for freedom.

In East Tennessee there is a large falling off in the opposition vote, and a corresponding gain for the new Government. The following in regard to the vote in Mc-Minn county, which we copy from the Athens, Post, is an indication of the changes

going on:

Last February the majority against Convention was over a thousand; on the 8th of June the majority against Separation was 244; and on the 1st, we have a majority of 132 in favor of the Permanent Constitution, which was the test question. We are proud that McMinn county has thus relieved itself of the charge of sy.npathy with the Black Republican despotism at Washington.

It is not recorded that the Federal troops have destroyed private property in any instance.-[Journal.

Here is what Thos. F. Meagher of the 69th New York regiment says about the Vandalism of the Federal troops at Germantown, when on their march toward Manassas. It is a complete answer to the Journal's state. ment:

"That house is on fire," Father O'Reilly, our chaplain, hurriedly observed, as he whipped his horse up beside the Colonel.

The words had scarcely fallen from his lips when a round mass of black smoke rolled out of the windows of the house and buried it in darkness. Another moment, the red fi mes were leaving through ment, the red flames were leaping through the smoke, and the crackling of timbers, pierced and rifted with the fire, was heard distinctly above the tramp and tumult of the march. The only ornament of the vil-lage in hot haste and fury was plunging into ashes. In half an hour it would be, at best, a heap of smoldering charcoll.— Whose was the scurvy and malignant hand that fired the deserted homestead? It is for the regiments of the brigade in advance of the 69th to answer. With them rests the responsibility of this savage riotous-ness and mischief. The house was doomed irrevocably when the 69th came up. The Irish Regiment swept by the blazing ruin, cursing the ruffians who had played the barbarous prank, and maddened with the thought of the disgrace it would bring upon the Federal flag.

A PROPOSED POLITICAL FUSION IN NEW YORK .- The Republican State Committee of New York met at Albany on Tuesday, and adopted a resolution inviting the Democratic party of the State to unite with them "in the nomination of a ticket pledged to a vigorous prosecution of the war." This proposition is not likely, judging from the

think we can speak for thousands of the proper constructions in the people, both Dymocrats and conservatives, of other associations hitherto, who have no idea of stultifying themselves by such a line of action. The public mind is assuming an independent tone upon the war question. Men are becoming quite regardless of the attempt to dragoon them into submission to the dictation of party leaders, and strongly inclined to get upon their down the world with the content of the price of his patriotism) browing too slow a team, was left behind, containing also the trusty blade of polished steel that reflected a dazzling brightness on the plains of Mexico, but when drawn against those who defended it there, had lost its war-like virtue.

The order is now being passed from one company to another—"to strike tests." I do not know the point of our destination. submission to the dictation of party leaders, and strongly inclined to act upon their own judgment on questions involving the happiness and rights of thirty millions of people, and the stability and security of property in all sections of the country.—
They will be slow to ratify the bargains and the schemes of political managers, and quite likely to exercise the privilege of free and independent action, throughout the approaching political campaign.

company to another—"to strike tests." I company to strict strike tests." I company to strict strike tests." I company to strict strike tests." I company to strike tests. "I company to strike tests." I company to strike tests. "I company to strike tests." I company to strike tests. "I company to strike tests." I company to strike tests. "I company to strike tests." I company to strike tests."

KENTUCKY NEUTRALITY .- We should be gratified to learn whether the editor of the Journal regards with favor the movement of troops against Cumberland Gap, or whether he considers it violative of the neutrality of Kentucky.

The New York Tribune of Fr'day, admits the following in regard to down trodden Maryland:

FEELING IN MARYLAND. We had to-day a half hour's talk with a prominent merchant and leading Secessionist of Baltimore. On all other subjects he was calm, polite and rational; on this, he was caim, polite and rational; on this, excitable, rude, and perfectly visionary in his calculations. Jeff. Davis, he said, would be there in four weeks; Mayland would rise and drive out the national troops, and then no Union man could live in Baldinore. They had betrayed true men to the Government, persecuted them and kept a constant surveillance over them, but their time was coming soon now, and these Union spies would find Baltimore too hot to hold them. We ventured to intimate that the North

We ventured to intimate that the North would hardly allow a hostile country be-tween it and Washington, and direful as the alternative would be, we were assured by the best authority that no hesitation would be entertained, in such an improbable event, about utterly destroying the city. "Well," said he, "I would rather see all my property laid in ashes and my family driven exiles from their homes than endure this terapy." this tyranny."

ARTILLERY .- The coming man, McClel-ARTILIERY.—The coming man, McClellan, who is to inspire Yaukees with courage, is reported to have said, that this war will be decided by artillery. This may be so—but it does not depend solely upon the dictum of one party. The Yankees, from the beginning, have flattered themselves that with improved arms, they could keep at a safe distance and dispatch us at their leisure. So far their calculations have not been realized. At Mznassas they were drawn within reach of ordinary muskets, and only escaped the bayonet and bowieand only escaped the bayonet and bowie-knife by the rapidity of their retreat. But as we are not affaid to meet them with cold steel, neither have we any reason to dread them at long taw. They came to Bull Run with all their famous battery of heavy and light artillery, served by regulars; and they left all but two pi ces on the field. The fact is, the Southern people have in noth-ing so much exhibited their adaptability

ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.

From the Mountains in Western Virginia—Col. Bust's Regiment— The Blackburn Guards. [Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.]

CAMP BARTOW, HIGHLAND CO., VA., July 30. S

Editors Louisville Courier: Seated upon the ground floor of tent No. 15, upon a pile the ground noor of tent No. 13, upon a pile of straw, with knapsack, pencil and paper in easy grasp, I hastily pen you another offhand (and to some extent) illegible account of incidents, &c., passing and local, in the Old Dominion and vicinity of Camp Bartow, which, now that we are almost within a stone's throw of the enemy, may not prove uninteresting to many of your readers. readers.

If you will examine a map of Virginia you will observe that Highland county ex-

tends each way beyond the two gigantic ranges of mountains that divide this State obliquely; also, that we are in the neigh-borhood of Cheat (or Rich) Mountain, not many miles from Beverly, and surrounded on all sides by broken hills and mountains, whose blue crowned peaks are scarce, distinguishable from the cerulean vault above. If unacquainted with the frowning grandeur and sublimity of rough old mountains, righty of a clock with harred yearders. grandeur and sublimity of rough old mountains, richly o'er clad with laurel verdure, the majestic pine and the reckless cedar perennially green on the brow of jutting craggs—you will fail to attach pleasantry and enjoyment to our marches (mountain promenades) so frequent and necessary where spies, scouts and the enemy's cump are to be watched. An enemy as formidable as the demoralized scullions sent into this State from Yankeedom, is occasionally ble as the demoralized scullions sent into this S ate from Yankcedom, is occasionally reported just off the post of the pickets, or has been encountered by our scouts when taking a bird's eye view of McClellan's camp from a neighboring peak off the Alleghanies, but has up to date done no considerable damage. This new enemy is old Bruin nimself, found here in all his native ferocity, as old and shaggy as the mountain he lives on. His regiments of young, healthful and saucy progeny have allied themselves for purposes of depredation to the catamount, wild cat and panther, seldom, if ever, failing to chase the solitary dom, if ever, failing to chase the solitary wanderer "double quick" back to the en-campment.

Our entire regiment has been in jubilant spirits, and more clamorous still to be led on to complete in Western Virginia the second of a series of victories so well commenced about ten days since in the vicinity of Manassas. You have heard cre this the particulars of the brilliant success of our arms there, the seeming re-enactment of Spartan feats, when fifteen thousand patriots repulsed, killed, captured, and drove off at breakneck speed the flower of U. S. regular, the petted lambs of the old arch-traitor—Scott. His 59,000 regulars, selected with care and caution, provided with all the accourrements and necessities for a long sojoura in "Dixie," two four horse teams of hand-"Dixie," two four-horse teams of hand-cuffs, and the world renowned Sherman battery, przyed all "bish." We captured men, horses, batteries, munitions of war, &c., in abundance, and found the Yankee hand cuffs a timely gift of Providence; for, of course those who forced them (now of course, those who forged them (now bring the wearers) can appreciate their comfort. Billy Wilson's feast, too, spread with This company was equipped at the expense of Col. Forrest, of Mississippi, with saddles, bridles and blankets, and each armed with a pair of large sized navy revolvers, a sword, and an escapet gun.

The company numbers eighty-five men, and they are all well mounted.

Good News from the Mountains.—We understand that the following Southern Rights candidates have been elected to the Legislature, in the mountains, so far as think we can speak for thousands of the price of his patriotism) fort. Billy Wilson's feast, too, spread with all the modern luxuries that glutiness Yankee taste can invent—at which Senators, Congressmen and huge men generally are invited to partake in honor of the butchery of Virginians on their own soil, was hastily and unceremoniously broken up, the noted Billy, barely escaping with his own scalp—his "three score and ten" boskets of flowing champaign being left to the clemency of the victors.

"The company numbers eighty-five men, and they are all well mounted.

"A vigorous prosecution of the war, means its prosecution upon the plans and theories of the party in power. If the Democratic leaders choose thus to renounce their principles, it is not for us to complain; but we think we can speak for thousands of the

Our entire regiment has been in jubilant

think we can speak for thousands of the bly a part of the price of his patriotism

The order is now being passed from one company to another—"to strike tests." I do not know the point of our destination,

son's (Ga) regiment, in sight of the spot where the lamented, though reckless Garnett fell. Our enemy has fortified the Mountain, and probably expects an attack. They are as well informed too of our intentions as your humble correspondent, for our maneuvers under the calculating coolness of Gen. Loring (Major of Mexican notoriety) is a perfect blank to us. Col. Rust, I believe, not knowing more than the rest of us. At blank to us. Col. Rust, I believe, not knowing more than the rest of us. At any rate, we are prepared to resist or advance as necessity may demand; and as the recent triumph of their arms, owing to the treachery of our guide (old Hart) and the recklessness of Garnett, has somewhat emboldened them, you may expect to hear soon of another breaking up of Federal forces—an echo to the successful notes of victory that now speak with trumpet

of victory that now speak with trumpet tongue throughout the civilized world—the prowess of freemen who fight for their homes and firesides. Our forces here now number five regiments, all full, well armed and equipped, that may be concentrated at one point in five hours' time (two regiments are four miles off Camp Rust, guarding a branch of the main State road, being also the same regiments that were FALSELY reported broken up by McClellan.) We have him now, in return "ist heav" on Cheat Mountain where return, "at bay" on Cheat Mountain, where he neither dares advance on us or send his minions out foraging, (as heretofore) who, like starved hyenas, pillaged all they came to. Our scouts, however, reported them (four or five hundred) on our side of Green Briar river yesterday, laying waste all they came to, stealing hogs, horses, &c. Two companies were promptly ordered out from each regiment, Capt. Sam's company and Capt. Tobb's representing the Third Ar-kansas volunteers, and, with one day's rations, started in swift pursuit. They fled before us like cowards, as they are, never daring to give us battle, though our ad-

daring to give us battle, though our advance scouts reported them twice drawn up in ambush. The fact is, when numbers are anything like equal, there will certainly be no fight, but if, as in the affray at Cheat Mountain, 10,000 men having adtage of position can attack 1,500, they will run the desperate chances of battle, even if they do lose twenty to one, and suffer their enemy to retreat in good order.

A few days more will suffice to rid Western Virginia of every Yankee that now desecrates her soil. The heads of volunteers as they arrive at Lynchburg are turned in the direction of Staunton, from whence they proceed by different routes to eat off and surround the few scattering Yankee camps that are still left; and citizens here, breathing freer, are offering us valuable service as scouts, spies, guides, and sharp shooters. Their mountain rifles are as unering at the hearts of our enemy as cupid's daris from blooming mountain lasses are fatal to ours.

fact is, the Southern people have in nothing so much exhibited their adaptability to war, as in the quickaess with which they have come to be the best artilleryists in the world. The practice at Big Bethel was never surpassed. That at Bull Run on the 18th, by the Washington Artillery, has been pronounced by a competent judge "beautiful." On the 21st, with guns interior in metal and in numbers, we whipped the enemy at every point, and captured all but two of his pieces.

That's pretty well for beginners; and with the confidence it inspires, we may safely meet the mighty McClellan with his favorite weapon. We would not have them to understand, however, that they are to be exempt in future from contest with cold steel. The bayonet and lassoed bowickives, whenever the ground will justify, will joyfully perform, their part in the game of exterminating Yankees.

The southern readaptability as cupid's daris from blooming mountain lasses are fatal to ours.

Lieut. Col. Bartow, who is looked upon as predictions and calculations are being developed and verified by daily occurrences—yesterday bet a basket of champagne that a body of Southern troops would be entant at body of Southern troops would be entant belong in the notorious John Carlisle will be dangling at a rope's end.

The health of our enemy as cupid's daris from blooming mountain lasses are fatal to ours.

Lieut. Col. Bartow, who is looked upon as predictions and calculations are being deverified by daily occurrences—yesterday bet a basket of champagne that a body of Southern troops would be entant a body of

game of exterminating Yankees.

Col. Geo. B. Crittenden, of Kentucky.

This galiant soldier and true hearted Southern gentleman, having resigned his post in the federal army, is now in Richmond, whither he went to tender his services to the Confederate Government.—
[Memphis Appeal, 11th.]

Independent of exterminating Yankees.

Independent of the world's good the Second Kentucky things. We enjoy uncertain life, as joyial, merry fellows will, no matter how frowning the grim face of fate. The certainty of a brush while in pursuit of the few Yankees left at Cheat Mountain being, as we thought, unquestionable, all duliness and care was dissipated by the hope of at last having an opportunity of revenge for the second Kentucky regiment, have recently been in the city on business connected with their respective commands. They left for Camp Boone, by the afternoon train yesterday.—[Memphis Appeal, 11th.]

wrongs we've suffered. Tried veterans could not have marched up to a post of danter more regularly and with brighter faces than did the brave little Sam and his trusty followers, who, not coming up with the enemy, returned in gloomy sadness, sluglug on the road our favorite songs at sunset. "Do they miss me at home," "Netwrongs we've suffered. Tried veterans stusset, "Do they miss me at home," "Net-tie Moore," "Old Kentucky home," &c. Remember us to all our friends, and expect soon to hear a good account of the Blackburn Guards and their

[For the Louisville Courier.] Au Appeal to the Southern Rights Women of Kentucky. Women of Kentucky.

The sere leaf has already commenced falling; and bleak winter will soon be on us—not on us alone, but also on Kentucky's noble and valliant sons, who have fought, are now fighting, and will fight for Southern independence, constitutional liberty, and the right of self-government, who already resist the surging waves of Abolitionism and Black Republicanism as they roll, in the form of devastating, subjugating, barbarous war, over the fairest plains of Southern soil.

A very small exertion on our part, would

of Southern soil.

A very small exertion on our part would be a great relief to those brave boys and men, and I therefore make the appeal to every Southern Rights woman, whether matron or mid, in Kentucky, to make the insignificant sacrifice each of knitting one pair of good yarn socks for this winter's use of Kentucky's sons in the war defending Southern Rights and Independence. It is a small matter to each of us, and those patriot seldiers will thank, and God will bless, us for this thought of their comfort. Let no Southern Rights woman fail to at-Let no Southern Rights woman fail to attend to this immediately. I would suggest 1. That none of the socks be smaller than 9's or 10's, for soldiers' feet are often swoll n, and it is better that the sock be too large than too small.

2. They cannot be sont off in large case.

too large than too small.

2. They cannot be sent off in large quantities together; for Lincoin's Black-Republican-Judas-Iscariot spies, who would withhold from a dying Southern soldier the medicine to save his life, will be on the look-out for them, and if they have an opportunity, will confiscate (steal) them for the use of the Abolition army. So, let those that may be knit in each county be gathered together in some particular place—each lady stitching or pinning her name gathered together in some particular place—each lady stitching or pinning her name and residence on the socks furnished by her—from which they may be sent by any convenient opportunity. There will be abundant opportunities, for there is not a county that will not send yet other sons to repel the Northern invasion.

3. Let the ladies in each county inform the State through the public press—say the Louisville Courier—the number of pairs contributed by tkeir counties.

This will be but little trouble to us; but it will greatly alleviate the wants of our fathers, husbands, brothers and friends during this winter's campaign. Every Southern Rights paper in the State will please publish this and call attention to it.

Those brave and gallant soldiers in their Those brave and gallant soldiers in their defense of Southern Independence and Constitutional liberty, are fighting no less for us than for the mothers, wives and sisters of Virginia and Georgia. And let us make them feel that we appreciate their prowess, will cheer them in their trials, and when their gallant leader shall again say, "Forward, my brave columns, forward," that our prayers will attend them for a victory more signal, if possible, than even that of Manassas.

A NATIVE BORN KENTUCKY WOMAN.

A NATIVE BORN KENTUCKY WOMAN. From Cairo. We copy the following from a letter to

the Cincinnati Commercial, dated Caire, the 10th: The Collector of the Port yesterday deained at this point, a lot of 372 hides.

tained at this point, a lot of 372 hides, shipped from St. Louis for Robt. Howsal, Paducah, by the Ryland.

Ed Kramer, a German, private in Capt. Campbell's Co. F, 12th Illinois, on reaching his quarters yesterday after returning from the flatboat capture, carelessly struck the trigger of his musket against the floor, capture a premetric displayers. causing a premature discharge, and shooting his cousin, Ezekiel Kramer, the ball taking effect on the side of his head just behind and above the right ear, fracturing his skull. A sergeant in the 8th Illinois was also accidentally shot dead at Bird's

Point to-day.

All quiet at Cairo, Bird's Point, Norfolk and Charleston, and health of the troops excellent, notwithstanding the "heated

The Rebels in Stoddard and Mississippi counties, Mo., have levied on 400 head of horses and wagons, belonging to the farm-ers, offering Missouri Confederate State bonds in payment. They claim to be authorized to make the levy by Gov. Jackson.

Turchin's 19th Illinois Regiment, stationed at Norfolk, Mo., the extreme southern advance guard of Fremont's division, numbers 962 men.

Three privates belonging to the 19th, in Convent of Cost Williams research.

Company G, Capt. Williams, named B.ce, Adams, and Rice, recruited in St. Louis, deserted from Norfolk, on Tuesday, Adams having induced his companions to desert with him. They gave a fisherman 75 cents to take them across the river into Kentucky in his skiff. They changed their hats, cast away their coats, cut off their buttons, and did everything to prevent their being identified as soldiers. A detachment detailed to seize the Norfolk ferry, Lucy McConnell, discovered, recognized, and arrested them while skulking in the woods. They them while skulking in the woods. They were brought here for trial, and Adams, who is charged with being a Secssionist, will doubtless be shot, while the other two

will doubtless be shot, while the other two will be drummed out of camp.

Thursday night I telegraphed you the Rebel force, viz: At Camp Boone, three miles this side of Clarksville, 700 Missourians, 2,500 Tennesseeans. At New Madrid, 13,000 men, with 27 guns, part rifled. The first movement of the enemy will be after the lead mines at Warsaw and Potosi. At Union City there is 2,800 enemy, who are not to move. No troops have yet gone from Grand Junction, Tenn. This is Southern information furnished by an old Cincinnatian sympathizing with the South. cinnatian sympathizing with the South, and who has just arrived from Columbus, Ky., where his relatives reside. He states further, that the South may possibly attack Bird's Point, but it is not probable.—

tack Bird's Point, but it is not probable.—
They have no idea of touching Cairo or
marching off of their own soil. They have
a ridiculous idea of marching on St. Louis.
The Mississippi, Alsbama and Tennessee
regiments that have gone over to Missouri
are all well armed and equipped.

Cincinnati is represented in Colonel Turchin's "Bloody Nineteenth" regiment by
two of the Guthries, sons of Wm. W. Guthrie, deceased, formerly Local InspectorOne is Capt. Pres. M. Guthrie, of company
K, and Capt. James V. Guthrie, commanding another company in the same regi-K, and Capt. James V. Guthrie, commanding another company in the same regiment. Capt. Wm. L. De'zell, the former commander of the steamer Mary Cook, well known in Cincinnati, is a Corporal in the Second Iowa, stationed at Bird's Point. John Watkins, of Pomeroy, Ohio, late engineering the steamer Lebanon, is here entires at the Government steamer "Wilgineer of the Government steamer gineer of the Government steamer "Wilson." The steamer Illinois is at Capt Girardeau, is the Government service, and in charge of one of her owners, Capt. G. Wash. Graham, of Cairo. Alex. Scott, was yesterday chartered by the Government at St. Louis, making Fremont's transport floot extent point twenty steamers. Jas. St. Louis, insking Fremont's transport fleet at that point twenty steamers. Jas. Carroll, of Cincinnati, is piloting the Gov-ernment steamer W. H. Brown, while Capt. Jacob Reemelin, of Louisville, is engaged in the same profession on the War-saw—both stationed here.

Nothing definite relative to Fremont's

movements, but knowing ones predict he will be at Cairo shortly, making this his headquarters.

PERSONAL. — Col. Lloyd B. Tilghman, commanding First, and Lieutenant-Colonel Bob Johnson, of the Second Kentucky regiment, have recently been in the city on business connected with their respective commands. They left for Camp Boone, by the afternoon train yesterday.—[Memphis Appeal, 11th

LETTER FROM GHENT. The Carroll Representative Elect a True Man—Full and Fair Statement of Facts Pertaining to the Legislative Canvass. [Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.]

[Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.]

GHENT, KY., August 9, 1861.

Editors Louisville Courier: A letter published in the Democrat, dated Ghent, August 6, 1861, signed "Carroll," says that by this time the election of John C. Lindsay has been heralded forth as a Southern Rights (Disunion) victory; that Mr. Lindsay was solicited to become a candidate by several hundred Union men; that the Disunionists held a convention and nominated Mr. Lindsay knowing they could not beat him.—Now the facts are these: Many so-called Union men did solicit Mr. Lindsay to become a candidate, but did not know or ask his position. Many State Rights men also solicited him to run, knowing his position, and when the State Rights party held a convention they invited Mr. Lindsay to state his views to that convention. He did so; and they gave him the nomination because he was with them in feeling and in sentiment. Had Mr. Lindsay held the views of the so-called Union-party he could have been beaten, easily, 200 votes in Carroll. Mr. Lindsay is against the war, against Lincoln, against voting men or money, against the introduction of Lincoln guns into the State, in favor of K-ntucky neutrality, and is in favor of arming the State, to use his own language, to the teeth, and resist at all hazards the introduction of Lincoln troops into the State, and in favor of acknowledging the Southern Confederacy.

Mr. Lindsay holds these views; he is a GHENT, KY., August 9, 1861.

Mr. Lindsay holds these views; he is a reliable, honest, sensible farmer—such a man as would do credit to any county in

the State.

I hope the correspondent of the Democrat "Carroll") in his next communication will state that the Union men committed themselves to Mr. Lindsay, and that after they learned his views, he was notified by the Secretary of the Carroll Union Club to appear before that dignified body and state his views to them, and that Mr. Lindsay refused to respond to their call, saying they were a party with whom he had not and would not cultivate an acquaintance. Consequently, see tivate an acquaintance. Consequently, seeing they were caught and no chance left to avoid a defeat, they concluded to swallow Mr. Lindsay and then say the Disuaionists nominated nim because they could not beat him. GHENT.

LETTER FROM BARREN.

Result of the Election—Old Barren all Right—A Gallant Company off for the South, &c., &c. [Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.

GLASGOW, KENTUCKY, August 8th, 1861. Editors Louisville Courier: The Southern Rights party of this county achieved a glorious victory on Monday last, in the elec-tion of Col. John S. Barlow to the Legis-lature from old Barren.

In the Congressional election of June last, with a majority of 588 against us, in the recent struggle we have nobly redeem-ed ourselves from the odium of that elec-

ed ourselves from the odium of that elec-tion, and the treachery of the victor traitor. Despite the desperate efforts of little whining demagogues, the people of this county have awakened to the real issues in this coatest between the North and the South, and henceforth they will be found true, not only to their own section, but true to their rights and liberties as freemen.

On yesterday, as gallant a band of South-On yesterday, as guiant a band of southerern Rights young men as ever clashed steel with a foe, under the van of Capt. J. P. Nuckols, as true a man as ever swayed the tide of battle, left this place to join the

ALPHA.

[For the Louisville Courier.] Letter from Lexington-Movements of Lincoln Soldiers and Munitions of War-Direct Taxation-Reac-tion Among the People.

Editors Louisville Courier: Some feeling was created here on Saturday last by the passage through this place of eight car passage through this place of eight car loads of guns, destined, no doubt, for East Tennessee, via Cumberland Gap, and to arm such Lincoln troops as may be gathered at Nicholasville, Hoskina' and Somerset. Some fifty men, also, passed on the cars, and a company, in wagons, said to be from Clark. The men were altogether a sorry looking set, much on the order of Falstaff's recruits; and like them, if they keep on in the same direction, they will be apt to reach a point where they will be apt to reach a point where they will all be peppered. The number of men collected in Garrard is reported here at at about from 600 to 1,000. The camp at Nicholasville is said to be broken up. The men, it is supposed, have been moved on to Hoskins', in Garrard county.

county.

These Lincoln recruits passed through with the Stars and Stripes at their head, with the Stars and Stripes at then with the Stars and Stripes at then but did not, so much as receive a cheer or other mark of approbation from the Union men here, who seem to view the move as an evil omen, and as destined to do great injury to Kentucky. The people here are freely speaking out in the bitter-bert earner freely speaking out in the bitter-bert earner freely speaking out in the bitter-bouts of Wise and his troops was obtained by Major Hines and his scouting party, who followed up the road to Sewall's Mountain, twenty-live miles from Gauley Bridge. It is also believed that Gen. Lee is at Staunton with a force of four or five thousand ton wi est terms their condemnation of the Lin-coln despotism in levying the direct tax, and the very man who by their votes pro-nounced in favor of such a policy, have found that they went in blind, and they are in a lmost every instance, giving it their decided disapproval. Many of these men of Lincoln proclivities will most likely find themselves, in the ends the bear, with the sorest heads. The present position of affairs is working a rapid change in this locality, and a complete reaction must take place very soon.

OBSERVER.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Courier] Reaction in Kentucky-Letter from Bourbon County.

PARIS, KY., August 12, 1861. PARIS, KT., August 12, 1861.

Editors Louisville Courier: This is only to apprise you of the extraordinary reaction going on in this place. Many of our most respectable, and hitherto leading Union men, who were bitterly opposed to Simms in the recent Congressional election, are now vehemently advocating the cause of the Southern Rights party, and in the most condemnatory terms imaginable, demouncing Lincoln's course, and all of those who aid and give him comfort. They can be seen anywhere, violently affirming that, when the tax collectors come around, they when the tax collectors come around, they will not pay a cent, and that they would ten to one prefer secession, with its for-tunes, than to contribate money to prose-cute a war which they have ever been op-posed to, and which is irretrievably ruin-

posed to, and which is irretrievably runaous in its resul's.

This change is general. We have conversed with men who live in the country,
and others from adjoining counties, and
they say the alteration in the minds of the
people is wonderful; that men are beginning to reflect; that the "plain people" have
been deceived, and are clamorous for
peace, notwithstanding the remonstrances
of the leading members of the Home
Guards; and that if an election was to
take place to-morrow it would go against take place to-morrow it would go against the so called "Union" party by an over-whelming majority. The one week's reaction, in this section of the State, is greater than that which took place during the six weeks between the last two elections.

Yours, with great respect, G.

DUEL AFTER THE BATTLE .- The New Or-

leans Picayune says: We learn that a private dispatch has been received in this city, stating that a duel took place after the battle of Manassas, between Capt. George McCausland, aid to Brigadier-General Ewell, and Capt. White, of the Tiger Rifles. The cause of the duel

WAR ITEMS.

THE EFFECT.-The wife of a private of THE EFFECT.—The wife of a private of the Anderson Zouaves, now encamped at Riker Island, called upon the Mayor of New York, on Tuesday, for as istance.—She said she had three children who were destitute of food, and while engaged in conversation with Mr. Wood, "the child in the poor woman's arms died."

SIGNIFICANT.-Twenty-five single and double tier ambulances have been forwarded from Washington to Harper's Ferry.

TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES. — "Well, that's always the way with the telegraph folks!" exclaimed Mrs. Mellow, "the good folks!" exclaimed Mrs. Mellow, "the good news they send us one day is pretty sartin to be contradicted the next. Why, there's our neighbor, Sally Shute, who got a story as how her husband had been killed in one of the battles, and the day after it was all upsot, for it proved to be another man! Gin me the old mail stage after all," continued Mrs. Mellow, "if 'twas slow, 'twas sartin."

A Fire Zouave Obeying Orders.—One of the Fire Zouaves, who has been in the Battle of Bull's Run and vamosed very soon thereafter, was recognized near Washsoon thereafter, was recognized near Washington Market, in New York, a day or two ago. "What the devil are you doing here?" asked the acquaintance, when he recognized him—"Got leave of absence?" "No?" thundered the Zouave, "I got the word to fall back' at Bull's Run, and notody has teld me to ball. told me to halt, so I kept on retre er since, and got away here."

ANOTHER REGIMENT GONE.-The "wild cat" regiment, under the command of Col. Biddle, left Camp Curtin this after-noon en route for the seat of war on the upper Potomac. At Harper's Ferry the men will be furnished with new rifles of a superior quality.—[Harrisbarg Telegraph, August 8.

RETALIATION.—A gentleman by the name of Taylor, residing in Gilmer county, Virginia, whose property had been distroyed by the invaders, has killed no less than eighteen of the Ohio Vandals in that and the adjoining counties. As they advance through the mountains the invalers will hear the crack of the rifle from every thicket, and learn too late for their per-sonal safety that the backwoodsmen can never be subjugated.—[Richmond Dis-

patch. PENNSYLVANIA'S CONTRIBUTION TO THE WAR. — Penasylvania has already furnished, for three years, 22,630 mm, and there are now almost ready for the field 29,120, making a grand aggregate of 51,-800 men. Under the first requisition for three months' volunteers, Poansylvania

furnished 19,520 men. RECRUITING IN INDIANA .- We learn that the work of raising recruits for Lincoln's army over in Indiana is dreadful slow work . The premium of \$2 per head to recruiting officers causes them to work pretty hard, but the mass of the recruits are the dregs of society, as good men are not to be

To Gen. Wise's Brigide is at White Sulphur Springs, and comfortably quartered in that pleasant locality. Capt. O. Jennings Wise, of the Richmond Blues, arrived here yesterday, and reports the troops in good health.—[Richmond Disp., Aug 7.

The Latest from the Kenawha River -Position of our Troops-Where-abouts of Wice, &c.

Commissary Gibbs, and others of our troops, arrived yesterday, direct from the Federal camp near Gauley River, Virginia, and from them we learn several interesting teams in relations to the control of ing items in relation to the whereabouts of Wise and his rebel army, and the present position of the Federal forces on the Ka-Confederate Army. Capt. Nuckols and his entire company, are a fine looking set of men, and as brave, too, as ever attested their valer on the field of battle.

Twelfth Regiment are at Charleston, under Colonel Lowe; the remaining seven companies of the remaining seven companies. thirty five miles from Charleston. The First Kentucky Regiment is in their ad-vance, between the road and the river. The Eleventh Regiment is encumped along Gauley river, above the bridge, recently destroyed by Wise, Gen. Cox's head quarters being in the rear of the Eleventh Regiment.

destroyed by wise, to be considered the restrict of the Eleventh Regiment.

On the side of a high mountain back from Gauley and the Kanawha river, on a fine location, the Second Kentucky have pitched their tents, with one cavalry and two artillery companies. At Somerville, thirty miles up the Gauley river, Colonel Tyler is encamped with the Seventh, and the greater portion of two other regiments.

When Wise retreated from Charleston, up through Madden, Shrewsburg and Cannelton, to Gauley Bridge, he had a force of 3,700 men, 2,000 being volunteers from the Kanawha region, who claim that they enlisted for the defense and protection of that part of the State from invasion by the Federal troops. When Wise had crossed the Gauley Bridge and then set fire to it, these Kanawha volunteers refused to proceed further, and in a body deserted and returned back to their heaven. further, and in a body deserted and re turned back to their homes. Wise, with the remainder, seventeen hundred, pro-ceeded on to Lewisburg, near which place

men, with intentions of reinforcing Gen.
Wise. At Gauley river, where the bridge
was formerly, the Federal forces have built
a boat and rigged a contrivance by which
the boat is taken across the river and back.
This boat will carry two hundred men each
time. Our treons are in good beath and

This boat will carry two hundred men each time. Our troops are in good health and fine spirits, and are eager for a fight.

On Friday morning the Twenty-Sixth regiment, Col. Fyffe, left Charleston for Parkersburg, and the Second German regiment, Col. Moor, left Point Pleasant, also for Parkersburg, it being understood that they are under orders to join Gen. Rose-cranz immediately.

The rumored fight between Wise and Rosecranz started at Galliapolis, and was

VILLE.—The Presbytery of Nashville being called together by the circular letter of the

called together by the circular letter of the Moderator, and a very large number of the ministers being present, and many Ruling Elders, adopted the following report unanimously; and by an almost unanimous vote dissolved its former connection with the Danville Theological Seminary. Those voting against such action, preferred to wait till the stated fall meeting of the Presenter which will converge in Charlette. bytery, which will convene in Charlotte, Dickson county, on Friday, September 20, 1861, before taking this step; but a large majority decided to withdraw the support and countenance of this Presbytery from everything connected with the General Assembly from which they had unani-Assembly from which they had unani-mously and formally withdrawn.

Rev. Joseph Bardwell and W. B. Shapard, Esq., are the committee of the Presbytery to co-operate with other Southern Presbyteries in the speedy formation of another General Assembly. — [Nashville Halon and Amer.]

THE STATE PRISONERS.-The Beltimore Exchange, of the 8th, has the follow-

took place after the battle of Manassas, between Capt. George McCausland, aid to Brigadier-General Ewell, and Capt. White, of the Tiger Rifles. The cause of the duel is not stated.

The parties fought with rifles, and it seems that Capt. White shot first, drawing his antagonist's fire, and wounding him, it is feared, mortally. Capt. McCausland fell before he discharged his rifle. This is a most unfortunate affair, and is to be deeply regretted.

The New York Daily News, of yesterday, contains the actounding intelligence that our fellow exizens, Charles Howard, Wm. H. Gatchell and John W. Davis, Esqs., Police Commissioners of this city, with other gentlemen, who were removed from Fort McHenry to Fort Lafayette with them, are not allowed the slightest communication with their counsel or friends. Such attractive, practiced by a people claiming to be civilized, almost passes human belief, and cannot fail before long to pass human endurance.

LOUISVILLLE. TUESDAY MORNING AUGUST 13.

No paper ever sent unless paid for in adv

The Confiscation Bill.

The following bill, confiscating the prop erty of the citizens of the Southern States, passed both branches of Congress, was ap proved and signed by the President, and is

to-day the law of the land:

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress accembled, That if, during the present or any future neuroccition against the Government of the United States, after the President of the United States shall have declared, by proclamation, that the laws of the United States shall have declared, by proclamation, that the laws of the United States are opposed, and the execution thereof obstructed by combinations too powerful to be suppressed by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, or by the power vested in the marshals by law, any person or persons, his heir, or their agent, attorney, or employee, shall punchase or acquire, sell, or give any property of whatsoever kind or description, with ninent to use or employ the same, or suffer the same to be used or employed, in aiding, abetting, or promoting such insurrection or resistance to the laws, or any person or persons being the owner or owners of any such property, shall knowingly use or employ, or consent to the use or employment of the same as aforesaid, all such property is hereby declared to be lawful subject to prize and capture wherever found, and it shall be the duty of the President of the United States to cause the same to be seized, confiscated, and condemned.

Sec. 2. And be M. further enacted. That to-day the law of the land:

dent of the United States to cause the course to be seized, confiscated, and condemned. Co. 2. And be it farilier enacted. That prizes and capture shall be condemned to prizes and capture shall be condemned be formed by the condemned of the con

ally for the beneat of the United States; person may file an information with torney, in which case the proceedings for the use of such informer and the

d States in equal parts. 4. And be it further end United States in equal parts.

Br. 4. And be it further anacted. That when ever hereafter, during the present insurrection against the Government of the United States, any person claimed to be held to labor or service under the law of any State shall be required or permitted by the person to whom such labor or service is claimed to be due, or by the lawful agent of such person, to take uparms a almst the United States, or shall be required or permitted by the person to whom such labor or service is claimed to be due, or his lawful agent, to work or to be employed in or upon any fort, navy-yard, dock, armory, ship, intrenchment, or in any military or naval service, whatsoever, against the Government and lawful authority of the United States; then, and in every such case, the person to whom such labor or service is claimed to be due, shall forfeit his claim to such labor, any law of the State, or of the United States, to the contrary notwithstanding. And whenever thereafter the person claiming such labor or service shall seek to enforce his claim, it shall be a fall and sufficient answer to such alaim, that the person whose service or labor is claimed had been employed in hostile service against the Government of the United States, contrary to the provisions of this act.

We ask for this hill the serious considerer enacted. That when visions of this act.

We ask for this bill the serious consideration of our readers. In the first section it isp rovided that property of every kind or description, which may be used in aiding, abetting or promoting insurrection, is lawful subject of prize and capture wherever found, and it is made the duty of the President of the United States to cause the same to be seized, confiscated and condemned. Slave property is, of course, included in this wholesale confiscation; but in order that there may be no doubt in regard to the matter, and to satisfy the scruples of Northern fanatics, who do not regard slaves as property, the fourth section of the bill was enacted referring specially to persons held to service or labor in any State under the laws thereof.

It is almost needless for us to attempt to show that this bill is designed to confiscate the property of fully pinety-pine hundredths of the citizers of the Seceded States. It is a proclamation of war against the preperty of the people of the South; an indication of the spirit which actuates the fanatics of the North, and can have no other effect than to arouse the South to a more deadly resistance. It leaves the people of the South no alternative but submission or bankruptcy. It proposes to take from them their homes, their negroes, their property of every description; and all this is to be done in the name of the Constitution, for the preservation of the Union, and in order to restore the ancient fraternity between the Northern and Southern States. The people of the South, according to the LINCOLN programme are to be overrun by an invading army-they are to be given lessons in constitutional liberty by the hirelings of the North; their property is to be seized and confiscated and condemned, and yet this is no war of subjugation:-it is merely a war to protect the Capitol and to re-establish the Government. When the property of the citizens of the South is confiscated, when a brutal soldiery desecrates every foot of their soil, and when they are held in subjection by military authority, then with characteristic humanity and lofty magnanimity the Lincoln government will cease the further prosecution of the war.

It is but proper to say that the bill met a determined resistance in the House. Parliamentary tactics were resorted to, to secure its defeat, but all in vain. Mr. Crittenden denounced it, eloquently and vehemently, as alike inexpedient and at war with the Federal Constitution. While on this subject, we take great pleasure in reproducing the following able remarks of Mr. Crittenden on the unconstitutionality as well as the inexpediency of the bill. per's Weekly, Aug. 10th. He said:

mr. Speaker, it has been conceded in all time, I believe, that the Pederal Government, the Congress of the United States, had no power to legislate upon the subject of slavery within the States. It has been conceded that that was a subject for State legislation only. Does war change the powers of Congress in this respect: It is the absence of all power upon the subject which has prevented your legislation. Absence of all power upon the subject which has prevented your legislation are of peace must be the absence of the same power at all times. The constitutional power of this House does not come and go with a change of circamstances. That is a fixed rule of Congress, permanent, immutable, and made to govern Congress. Now, sir, if you can legislate in regard to slavery in this instance, and if you can upon certain conditions in time of war, destroy the right of the master to his slave why cannot you, upon conditions in time of peace and thing? You do it here be in the commission of a great crime, that is, the uniting in a civil war. Could you not apply the principle to times of peace, and make the conditions to the same thing? You do it here be in the commission of a great crime, that is, the uniting in a civil war. Could you not apply the principle to times of peace, and make the conditions to conditions to the save? Wy cannot shave you not apply the principle to times of peace, and make the conditions to the liberation of the slave? Wy cannot of the United to the work of the liberation of the slave? Wy cannot military affairs?

Mr. McClernand. I would inquire if a law which would forfeit the ownership of a horse would not forfeit the title to a negro found engaged in military affairs?

Mr. Cittenden. I am speaking to a particular yours of the Lincoln war, the direct tax, the condition of the Constitution when nobody had ever demanded it.

Now, sir, I am not inquiring, nor am I prepared to make an argument, as to powers in a strain of the Constitution when nobody had ever of the same than the now conscience str

I say, if you have no power directly, no matter what the advantages of the exercise of that power would be, no matter how just, no matter how necessary to the preservation of the Union, you cannot legislate about it for want of power. That is my point. You cannot make a general law that shall regulate slavery, that shall regulate the rights of the master or the rights of a servant in a State of this Union, in time of peace. That will be admitted, I think. You cannot punish any crime in the State; that is for the State. It is, a part of its interior police, it is the law and you were willing to put it in the Continuer of the continuer of the state of war, of a state of things that highly excites us all? In adopting this indiscrect and unadvised legislation, are we not trying, under plausib c circumstances, to insinuate our jurisdiction in a manner which, on the same expected and the point of the same explaction and analyse the algorithm.

excites us all? In adopting this indiscreet and unadvised legislation, are we not trying, under plausible circumstances, to insinuate our jurisdiction in a manner which, on the same principle, must apply to place the slavery of the South (and will it not be so understood) completely in the power of Congress?

We have a power in all cases within our jurisdiction to try persons in our courts for the crime alleged against them; and all the consequences which the law annexes under the Constitution follow the judgment.

Now, in reference to treason, which is the Prime here. The Constitution defines what it is, and provides for its punishment. It declares that treason against the United States shall consist in levying war against them; and that no person shall be convicted of treason except on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on his confession in open count. It declares that Congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason; but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture, except during the life of the offender.

Now, ir, the crime declared by this bill, and for which this forfeiture is to take place, is treason—treason by its very definition. It is so considered in this bill. It is so considered by my friend frem Illinois. This law undertakes to deprive the owner of slaves of his entire property, and to give complete freedom to the slave. The Constitution says that even on conviction of treason, there shall be no forfeiture of property, of any description, beyond the lifetime of the offender.

Now, I ask my friends everywhere if it is not a plain breach of the Constitution says that even on cenviction of treason, there shall be no forfeiture of property, or permits to be employed in a certain way in aid of treasonable purposes, he shall forfeit his slaves? Whatsoever of property be employed in a certain way in aid of treasonable purposes, he shall forfeit in absolutely, says this bill; and especially shall be forfeited for longer than his life. In this,

an apparent unconstitutionality in this

sin apparent theoretically in this bill.

Sir, I will leave the matter with this single remark. This provision of the bill will be considered, and so interpreted abroad, as assuming to Congress a power over slavery. If you can, on conditions, in time of war, abrogate and abolish slavery, it may well be asked, whether you cannot do it in time of peace, on similar conditions of supposed future crime? Are we in a condition now, gentlemen, to hazard this momentous, irritating agitating, revolutionary question? Is it politic to wage such a war as that? I know that it is forced upon you. Your capital is now threatened, and is within hearing of the enemy's cannon. You are bound to define the camp's cannon. You are bound to define the camp's cannon. capital is now threatened, and is within hearing of the enemy's cannon. You are bound to defend yourselves, and to defend yourselves like men. Sha'll we send forward to the field a whole catalogue of penal laws to fight this battle with? Arms more impotent were never resorted to. They are beneath the dignity of our great cause. They are outside of the polley which ought to control this Government, and lead us on to success in the war we are now fighting. If you hold up before your enemies this cloud of penal laws, they will say. War is better than peace. War is comparative repose." They will say, when they are subdued, or if they choose now to submit, "What next? Have we peace, or is this new army of penal laws then to come into action? Are these penal laws to inflict upon us a long agony of prosecution and forfeiture."

We could, if necessary, adduce other arguments against this most iniquitous bill: but it is unnecessary. The arguments of Mr. Crittenden are sufficient to convince all who are not wilfully blinded by partisanism that the bill is alike unconstitutional and unjust, and will be regarded as giving an anti-slavery character and application to the war.

Is it by the enactment of such laws as these that the Administration expects to bring back the south into the Union? Such measures tend only to widen the breach and to render all hopes of a re-union utterly impossible. Whatever hopes may have heretofore existed of the possible reconstruction of the Union have been forever destroyed by the action of Lincoln and his Congress.

With the solemn declaration of the Government of the United States that their property shall be seized, confiscated and ture," he truly answers, "to carry out the condemned, the people of the South would great design of Brown's insignificant raid." be less than men were they not to resist to The great object of the war against the the last extremity. Rather than become a South is thus briefly and pointedly stated. prey to the cupidity of Northern mercena- It is a John Brown raid on a far larger ries, far better would it be for the South that her fair fields should be made desolate and that every city should become a Mos-

Peace to be Obtained Only Through the Subjugation of the South, and the Union Hereafter to be Preserv-ed by the Strong Arm of a Military Despotism.

There is but one way to peace in this emergency, and that is to establish the national supremacy a hundred fold more absolutely than ever before. All other solutions are simply anarchy and war. This alone is permanent peace. The present generation at the South have been taught should not be allowed to continue—nay, to hate the Union. They must now be taught to fear it, in order that they may gradually understand and love it.—[Har-

That the force of the above extract may

We do not undertake to say that the

abolition of slavery is the sole object for the accomplishment of which the war against the South is now being waged, but we do say that the dominant party in the Northern States regard the downfall of slavery as the inevitable result of the success of the Federal arms. For the purpose, however, of rendering such a result f possible, more certain, a most odious consected by the Lincoln Congress, at its late see and condemnation of the poperty of those engaged in the war against the Federal Government. As each man in the South is either a soldier, or has contributed to the support of the Confederate army, this confiscation bill in its application reaches every citizen of the Confederate States, and, if the Lincoln army is sucessful, their property of every description will be subject to seizure and confis-

In what more effective way could the ongress of the United States have provided for the abolition of slavery? By a single act of Congress the tenure by which property is held at the South is utterly destroyed, and the confiscation of slaves and the scizure of the property of Southern citizens follows the Northern army, at every step of its march through the South.

It is not because we fear the impotent Government at Washington can carry out its cherished policy against the South, that we make reference to it; it is not to excite mneeessary alarm; for we have not the nost distant idea that their army can ever pass beyond Manassas; but we allude to their official acts to show the spirit of hostility to slavery and the South, which actuates the dominant party of the North.

It is not at all strange that the Lincoln Administration should seek the abolition of slavery. Time and again it has been asserted that the destruction of slavery is escential to the preservation of the Union. Mr. Seward has declared that the Union cannot permanently exist half free and half slave. Mr. Lincoln has repeated again and again the same doctrine. To preserve the Union, then, slavery must be abolished, according to the doctrine of Messrs. Seward and Lincoln, for a permanent union of Free and Slave States is impossible. And this spirit of hostility to slavery, which actuates the leaders of the Republican party, is more intense among the Northern masses, who are less discreet in the utterance of their sentiments. To illustrate the feeling which prevails to a considerable extent at the North, we subjoin the following extract from a letter from Rev. A. M. Stewart. chaplain of the Pennsylvania Thirteenth, to the Pittsburg Dispatch, a Republican newspaper. It will be seen that it is dated

Are these penal laws to inflict upon us a long agony of prosecution and forfeiture."

We are not here a band of lawyers, to be getting up prosecutions against a man because his servant followed him to the war. Of what moment is this? What do you and I care? Does it weigh a single grain of sand in this great scale of war? Not a grain of sand. It is among the smaller matters, that are not necessary to be looked after here at all.

I do not intend to trouble the House, particularly after the indulgence which has been granted me to occupy the floor at this time. There is much more in this connection that I would say under other circumstances. I have spoken of what seemed to me to be of eminent importance in this crisis. I have said that this bill violates the Constitution, if in nothing clee, in making the forfeiture of property complete, when the Constitution says that for crimes—there shall be no forfeiture beyond the life of the offender. And if not even for treason—even for treason, the highest of crimes—there shall be no forfeiture beyond the life of the offender. And if not even for treason in the forfeiture of property complete, when the Constitution; and, Mr. Speaker, if it is passed, it will be misconstrued. It will be considered as especially hitended. We shall be charged with making an anti-slavery war. I know it is not so intended; but this bill will be considered as especially aimed at that particular description of property supposed to be endangered.

We could, if necessary, adduce other arguments against this most iniquitous bill; and we do the spoken from the plant and prophesicd, on the day that Brown was hung, suggestive to the correspondent of the Charlestown, Virginia, at which place old John Brown was hung, suggestive to the correspondent of the Charlestown, Virginia, at which place old John Brown was hung, suggestive to the correspondent of the Charlestown, Dispatch: Charlestown, Virginia, at Which place old John Brown was hung, suggestive to the correspondent of the Charlestown, Virginia, at others would have looked upon them as mes-sengers sent from the pit to deceive. In the beautiful undulating fields and woodlands around the spot where John Brown and his beautiful indulating fields and woodlands around the spot where John Brown and his confederates were hung, is now encamping a Nortkern army of thirty thousand strong. Regiments from Wisconsin and Maine, Indiana and New Hampshire. Ohio and Massachusetts, Pennsylvania and New York, are now quietly pitching their tents around this poor, guilty secession town, and not a dog daring to wag his tongue. And for what has this Northern army of battle come? Beyon'd peradventure, in order substantially to carry out the great design of Brown's in-significant raid. True it may be that multitudes of soldiers in this Northern army may now little understand or even believe this. But when the true history of the present great revolution shall be correctly written, som. Inture Macauley will chronicle that old John Brown threw the first bomb, discharged the first cannon, and thrust the first bayonet. Till then rest in peace, brave spirit, and trust to posterity for a vindication of your deeds. The reproach of a culprit's fate and death by the hangman's rope will not disturb thy repose.

The author of the above letter suggests an important inquiry: "For what," he asks, has the Northern army of battle come against the South?" "Beyond, peradvenscale; but designed to accomplish the same objects. It is now a more dangerous movement, for it attempts to strike at the institutions of the South, under the pretext of preserving the Union and sustaining the

Government. The war now being waged against the South, is the necessary and inevitable result of the teachings of Abolition statesmen. As far back as 1855, Charles Sumner. the representative man of the Republican party, declared that "Slavery was a wrong that it should cease to exist at once ;-nay, that a wrong so transcendent, so loathsome, so direful, must be encountered wherever it can be reached, and the battle must be continued without truce or compromise, until the field is entirely won."

Such was the position of Charles Sumner in 1855. Doctrines so abhorrent, so "unspeakably frantic," called forth the following prompt and elequent response from Rev. Robert J. Breckinridge:

the sabbence of all power of legislation in the same that absence of all power of legislation in the same of the s

an argument having merely ordinary political bearings, much less in one looking to bloodshed and conquest. All that was settled between us before the old confederation was formed: it was settled again in the common danger and common glory of our great Revolution: it was settled again in the Federal Constitution. I say nothing about the unspeakable; folly of arguing as a statesman, that a slave State and a free State cannot tolerate each other in one confederacy, supposing the question to be now for the first time considered. What I say is, that it is no longer possible for the men of the North to open that question, without revolution, and mithout disloyalty to every national act and movement of our past history: and what I mean is, that they cannot do this, without so weakening and disgracing themselves, and so strengthening and ennobling us,—that God, posterity, fortune, and the hearts of the combatiants, must feel the effects of the opposite conduct and position of the parties. To which add, in the **econd* pdace*, that this conduct of the men of the North, besides being a base political afterthought.—is a deliberate breach of faith, cemented by the blood of our fathers; an ignoble retraction of plighted honor and truth and justice; a calculated sacriface of their own race, and lineage, and house, and blood, for those of a strange kindred and clime,—without any new circumstance or additional reason, for so atrocious a perfly against nature and egainst plighted troth. Add again, in the third place, the atrocity of that state of heart in which the North presess this bloody abbirament, under the settled belief that she risks nothing thereby, and that we risk every thing; and the fervor of that state of soul, in which the South, roused by so much insult, injustice, and danger, really does risk all, with a sublime purpose, to the last man, to win all. And then, in the fourth place, add the sort of conviction, with which the two parties thus mutually range themselves, in that deadly strife; and if you be as wise a

Such was the burning and prophetic lan-

the people of Kentucky and of the North offering lower than at any previous season, ponder well his true and eloquent words: The whole North, if it were united as one man, could no more conquer the South than lawns, embroidered mozambique, plain it could make a world!"

is the very faintest indication of the set- gauze de laine, broche barege, crape batled purpose of the men of the North to rege, all colors; embroidered English bamake a crusade against slavery—then a rege, checked French silks, 75 cents per million armed men should be ready to re- yard; black silks, plain silks, all shades; ceive them. The settled purpose of the pineapple foulards, plain and checked men of the North has become apparent- French poplins, organdies and jaconets, to receive them.

The Day of Vengeance. Harper's Weekly says:

Harper's Weekly says:

"At the same time it may be well for the members of Mr. Lincoln's Administration to rad the histories of Rome and Greece. They will there discover that republics are vindictive as well as ungrateful, and that the anger of the most despotic monarch is light and trivial in comparison with the wrath of an outraged and betrayed democracy. The country demands that the business of the several Departments of Government shall be conducted honestly and energetically at the present crisis. Woe to the Cabinet Minister who, when the day of reckoning comes, shall be found to have neglected this public mandate!

The subsidized press of the Newly plantstion drills, bleached cotton sheeting.

All of which will be sold low at G. B. TABB'S, m27 dtf. Cor. Fourth and Market sts. The subsidized press of the North are

urging on the Lincoln Administration to the utmost stretch of despotism, carnage and recklessness; and all, too, to bring about a more perfect Union between the people of the North and the South. When the people shall discover that the means now dopted will never bring about the result pro posed, then who, indeed, will save the Lincolu Government and all its newspaper hirelings from the vindictive "wrath of an outraged and betrayed Democracy ?" As sure as truth and justice will prevail over wrong and oppression, just as sure will the people of the North, sooner or

later, hurl the Lincoln Administration and the Black Republican party from power, and visit upon them, as the authors of the present civil war, that fiery and furious wrath which wily politicians are now trying to keep turned against the Southern people. It will yet be understood how the South fled from the Chicago platform, and when that day comes, then woe to them that stand on that platform, and who have made it supplant the old Constitution as a basis of Union and Government.

A Confederate Lie well Stuck to. The Rebels still insist that they captured Sherman's battery at the battle of Manassas. We could prove by the oaths of the entire Kentucky delegation of Congressmen that Sherman's battery was in Washington two days after the battle, but it is not worth while.—[Frankfort Commonwealth]

The Lincoln organs have made false statements so often that they are beginning to believe their own lies. Sherman's bat-tery was taken at Manassas, and was seen there by Prince Napoleon, and those who accompanied him. A telegrephic dispatch to the New York Times, a Republican newspaper, dated Washington, August 9th, speaking of the defenses at Manassas, says: "The fortifications at Manassas are formidable, and our guns, particularly the Sherman Battery, form an important part of the defenses."

The statement that Sherman's Battery was not taken was manufactured to keep up the drooping courage of the Federals, and, by the confessions of their own papers, is shown to be an Abolition lie well stuck to.

The Democratic Party in the North. It is a cheering indication of the reaction now going on in popular sentiment in the Northern States, that the Democracy will not consent to merge their party into the Black Republican organization. We are glad to see the Democratic party again rallying upon the State Rights doctrines, which have secured success to it in the past, and if it plants itself firmly upon the honored principles of '98, they will do much to preserve free institutions and constitutional liberty at the North.

The Democratic party in the North will be the nucleus of a peace party, which is already gathering strength, and we have not the slightest doubt of the ultimate downfall of LINCOLN and his party and the triumph of his opponents. The Democracy North are so moulding a conservative, anti-Administration, anti-war party, which in less than twelve months will be the

dominant party in the North. Burning of Hampton,

The Journal is quite indignant over the supposed burning of Hampton in Virginia by the Confederates. We understand that the vandal Federals burned the town, and with characteristic mendacity charged the deed upon the Confederates to screen themselves. It would appear far more reasonable that Lincoln troops would destroy the property of the citizens of Virginia than that Virginia soldiers would destroy their own property. The indignation of the Journal against the perpetrators of the act was just, but wrongly directed. It should have assailed the Lincoln troops not the Confederates.

Business Aotices.

MONEY LOANED .- Ladies or gentlemen quiring losse of any amount on Diamonds. ate, etc., can be accommodated by applying the Exchange office, 456 Market street, be een Third and Fourth, north side, five doors boye Fourth. Tickets in the Shelby College d Havana-plan Letteries for sale, or for varied to any address. Frizes cashed. Office trictly confidential. A. BLAND. cep30 dtf

ADVICE .- As the hot season is approach ng, every person should prepare their ystem for the change, and there is no emedy so applicable as "McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier.' It will purify the blood thoroughly, and at the same time strengthen and invigorate the whole organization. The immense quantity of it that is sold daily, is proof enough of its great virtues in thoroughly removing all impure matters from the lood. We say to all, try it! It is delicous to take. See the advertisement in an-

To Cash Buyers .- In conforming to the istom of the times, Martin & Crumbaugh, 04 Fourth street, are offering their large and attractive stock of goods for eash at a very heavy reduction. Their stock of Dress Goods is still very large, to which they would call particular attention, as they intend, in that line of goods, to offer extra inducements. Their domestic stock is one of the largest in the city, embracing various brands of Bleached Shirtings, Sheetings, Irish Linens, Pillow Linens, Linen Sheetings, Towelings, Table Linens, Doyles, Curtain Dimities, Marseilles and Allendale Spreads, White Goods in all their varieties, Embroideries and Lace Goods, Gloves and Hosiery, Fans, Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, besides many other desirable goods, to all of which they ask the special attention of cash buyers. july1

always on hand a very large assortment of eabinet furniture of every description at whole sale and retail, cheap for cash. Their motto is quick sales and small profits. Recollect the Nos. 502 and 504, Market street, between Second and Third.

TO THE LADIES-FRESH IMPORTATION OF SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS.—I would respectfully invite the attention of the laguage of Dr. Breckinridge in 1855. Let dies to my extensive stock, which I am consisting in part of Broche barege Anglais, printed linen

foulards, droquet grenadines, plain black Whenever, said Mr. Breekinridge, there and colored worsted grenadines, black let a million freemen of the South be ready parasols, lace points, lace mantles, black silk mantles, French chintz; percals and ginghams, Alexander's kid gloves, plain and plaid nainsooks, white cambrics, soft

On 22d of July last, from my residence in foot of High street, Portland, in Jef-erson county, a roam HORSE about 12 rears oil, about 15 hands high, a scar in fore foot, crest fallen, a black spot on years old, about 15 hands high, a sear in of fore foot, crest fallen, a black got or, one white foot behind up as far as the Also, a correl HORE E about 14% hand ears old, with a sink place under one o by the bote having been blobe. An eturning said Hors is one, or living in a where they are, will be suitably re

TEACHER WANTED. A LADY, with South on feelings, capable of the hing Latin, will hear of a good situation by applying to Gen. O. PEPPER, Versailles, Woodford county, Ky.

FOR RENT, A NEAT NEW COTTAGE to rent on its Chestnut street, between Clay and Handing occk, Terus to suit the times Alvo a No. 1 Negro Woman for the ballance of the year. Apply to aul 2 ds

COLT REVOLVER. A COLT NAVY REVOLVER, large size, can be had at a low figure.

WOODLAWN RACE COURSE,

Sweepstake for Trotting Stallions-Any Age! TWO MILE HEATS! I WO OR MORE TO MAKE A RACE. All Stal I lions entering in this Race must be owned and must have made a season in Jefferson county Race to come of Fall, 1861.

Persons wishing to enter, address W. E. Millton, Secretary, Lou'sville, August, 1861.

aul2did

Cloud Hotel, Second and Jefferson streets, JAMES & VAN LYONS,

PROPRIETORS,

(FORMERLY OF THE NEEL HOUSE.)

THE undersigned would respectfully inform their old petrons and the public generalls, that they have removed to this old and well-known stand southeast carner of Second and Jefferson streets where they are prepared to accommodate all their old customers and as many 'ew ones as may favor the n with their patronage. Term to suit the times. times.

The "ST. CLOUD" is centrally located, being the within two squares of the Post-office, Custom house and L. & F. R. R. Depot, and the proprietors flatter themselves they "know how to keep a Hotel," aul0 dtf

JAS. & VAN LYONS.

JUST RECEIVED AT THE CHEAP LACE STORE, 309 Fourth street (old No. 99).

BLACK LOVE VEILS (new patterns); Black Crepe Coll rettes (entirely new); Linen Masic Ruffles; Patent Fluting Machines (best article in mar Patent Fluting Machines (best article in mar ket);
Jaconet Riviere;
Muslin do;
Narrow Footing;
Narrow Bobbin Lace;
Coates' best Spool Cotton, &c., &c:
And for sale at low prices for cash only, at
OHARLES F. KAUCHFUSS'S
Cheap Lace Store,
au8 dtf
239 Fourth street (old No. 99).

CHOICE FAMILY FLOUR—

52 bbls Macklin's Double Extra Family Flour,
40 % bbl bars Macklin's Extra do,
Just received per railroad and for sale by
au8 corner First and Market streets.

CORN MEAL—
50 bushels bolted Meal;
100 do unbolted Meal;
Just received per railroad and for sale by
T. L. JEFFERSON,
au8 corner First and Market sts.

Do you wish a good Farm in Indianat If so, we offer you 480 acres (prairie) in Jasper county, for four dollars per acre, cash. Title indisputable.

We have also in other counties, several thousand acres of Land as good and well situated as any in the State. Terms, ten dollors per acre on ten years' time. Write to or see

STOTSENBURG & BROWN,
mvi3 d3m New Albany Indiana.

TEACHER WANTED, FOR an Academy in the interior of Kentucky, A Southern lady, capable of teaching French, Address G., box 868, Louisville Post-office, jy27 dtf

I have leased de house on Sixth 18. The un between Main and Market, for a term of the wise of the step of the step

Educational.

Rev. G. Beckett's Institute for Young Ladies,

WILL begin its next session on the 16th of Sep-tember. For circulars or far ther infarma-tion, apply to the Principal.

REV. G BECKETT,
aut2 dim St. Mathews. Jefferson co. Ky. HENRY FEMALE COLLEGE

WE, the Trus'ees, have the pleasure of announcing to the public, that Dr. O. L. LEON.
ARD and his dauchters have taken charge of this Institution. We have entire confidence in them as uncrior and efficient teachers, and sortly the confidence of the community. We therefore ask for the ma a liberal patronage. The next session will communence August 26th, 18st.

For flourd, Turino., 4c. for the scholastic year, or session of ten morths, 5 20.

Turinon for day scholars the same as herete fore charged. harged.

No puell will be received for less than a ression.

No puell will be received for less than a ression. puell will be received for and no deductions by special agreement; and no deduction are, unless for pro-received illness, of the Be and.

C. M. MATHEWS, Pres. of the Be and.

I. N. WEBB.

WM. A. PEERY,

W. S. PRIVER,

W. S. PRIVER,

WM. A PRIVAR.
W S. PRYOR.
THOS. RODMAN.
Trustee

FOREST ACADEMY, BY B. H. M'COWN,

au10 dlm

WILL begin its next se sion the 10th Septem II her. The course of instruction is thorough and complete, em racing such practical branches as hook keeping. Surveying, &c., for temponths. Indusence in regard to payments will be allowed when needly en needed. Lev. Dr. W. W. Hill will open a Female Academy the highest order, the 13th September, within 3 mile.
The same teachers will give instruction.
Academies, when desired, in Mulica.
Address me, at O'Bannon's P. O. Janobaky.

ST. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE, BARDSTOWN, KY.

STUDIES will be resumed in this Institution usual on the first MONDAY of September. TERMS PER SESSION OF TEN MONTES: - Matricula-tion fee, \$10 Board, Tuition, Washing, &c., \$100; Ph siciants fee, \$5. Owing to the difficulty of collecting debts at the present time, payment for each half ression will be required invariably in advance. No student will consequently be admitted unless the sum of \$1.90 is deposited with the Treasurer, and an additions sum of \$0.0, if the student is to be furnished with ciothing by the College. THOS. O'NEIL, S. J., President, au7 clm&w4

Presbyterian Female School. THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION

Will commence on the 9th of Septe uber, under
the superintendance of Prof. BARTON,
aul ditawim Chairman of Board of Trustees,

Louisville Collegiate Institute.

r of the Trustees and Faculty. STUART ROBINSON, President N. B. Prof. Schenck will, during the month tagust, instruct puells prevaring to enter the class is of the College, from 9 to 11 o'clock A. Maharging ereb pupil \$5.

Bellewood Female Seminary.

Bellewood Female Seminary.

PROPOSE, in cunection with the Rev. M. M.
FISHER and Lady, to oven on Thursday, the 18th
Septemb rnext, a Sciect School for G ris ard
oung Ladies, at my country residence near Hobbs'
epot, on the Louisville and Frankfort Kallroad,
elve miles from Louisville and Frankfort Kallroad,
both ornemen al and useful, usually targht in
minaries of the highest grade, with be taught by
the course of instruction will be divided
to three departments extending through three
ars. The site of the institution is in a beautiful
ove on a commanding emistance, overlooking the
ilload on the one side and the county road on the
ther, within five minutes walk of the depot. It is
gh, dry and healthful, and commands one of the
ost charvain landscapes in the tatle. The buildgs are all new, having been erected within the
sit year, and after the most approved style of
o ern architecture. Within half a units is the
overst Academy, a Boarding School for Boys, of
gh reputation, taught by Rev. B. H. McCows,
aremis who may wish their sons and durbers
tuared near to each other, can have the privilege
doing so in or e of the most healthy, moral and

nontracach.
The price of Boarding, Washing, Fuel, Liebts, and Toi ion in all the oldwary branches, will be 6.60 for ten months. For Tuition alone, \$15, \$30 and \$4 persession of five months, according to of the lupit, it of one half in advance, and the other of session, will be expected, unless by Music on the Plano, per session of five months, \$25

Painting and Drawing.

The Musical department will be under the charge of Mrs. Fisher, and the dipartment of Modern Languages under Prof. Jacob Schener. Professor of Modern Languages in the Louisyche Male Collego. As but a limited number of papils will be taken, it is desirable that those who wish to have their daughters educated, away from the dir. dust, temptations and excitements of cities and towns, should apply to the undersigned at once.

Inasmuch as Mr. and Mrs. Fisher are strangers in this part of the country. I begieve to append an extract from a letter from the President of the West winster College, located in Fulton Mo., is which Mr. Fisher has been a Professor for its years pest and which has been suspended on account of

COAL! COAL! TO THE PUBLIC!

HAVING taken the office formerly occupied to between M-in and Marbet, and prepared to fur ish the very best quality of PITTSBURGH ar st ther COAL in large or small quantities, at the low st cash price. We give me a call au6 dlm S. J. STUART.

APOTHECARY'S HALL! Capitol Drug Store, Opposite the Post-Office.

J. R. GOLDSBOROUGH. PRESCRIPTION CLERKS. Fresh Supply of Pure Old Liquors, MPORTED AND SELECTED EXPRESSLY FOE MEDICINAL PURPOSES, for sale by O. H. SPRATTAN, Apothecary, opposite the Post-Office

je28 dtf _____ Gwynn's Prepared Glue.

HAVING the exclusive right to manufacture this c-lebrated Glue, I am prepared to fill or ders without limit.

Onnosite Post-Office. Ground Pepper and Spices,

PREPARED and sold at the CAPITOL DRUG STORE, opposite the Post-office. my6 dtf O. H. STRATTAN, Proprietor. SUJAR-65 bhds Sugar in store and for sale by COFFEE-50 bass Java Coffee in in store and for sale by [au6] TYLER & MARTIN.

SUGAR-1(0 bbls Double Refined Crushed Sugar in store 4ad for sale by au6

TYLER & MARTIN. R 08IN-300 bbls Nos 1 and 2 Rosin in store and for sale by [au3] TYLER & MARTIN. WHICKY-7.00 bbls Copper Whisky, from one to six years old, in store and for safe by au6 TYLER & MARTIN. TAR-'00 bris Carolina Tar (large bb's) in star and for sale by TYLER & MARTIN. CODA ASH-50 casks Kurtz's Soda Ash, 81 2 cent Strength, in store and for sale by au6 TYLER & MARTIN. SODA-100 kers New Castla B. C. Soda in store and for sale by TYLER & MARTIN.

Pill—
200 bbls Ncs 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel:
2.0 ½ and ½ bbls Nos. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel;
200 kits Ncs. 2 and 3
10 bbls Nc. 1 Falmon;
50 boxes Codfish;
In store and for sale by
au6

TYLER & MARTIN.

COTTON LANDS FOR NEGROES. The undersigned, as agent, has \$83,000 worth of Arkansas and Mississippi Lands which he will exchange or almost any thin tradeable—two improved places on navigable streams, and 5,00 acres of wild Lands in tracts to sait purchasers. J. B. WHITMAN. No. 411 Main s. rect.

Miscellancous.

FINE WOOLEN

Kentucky Jeans, MILLS (which is now being worn so FREE FROM GREASE and made of PURE NATIVE WOOL. 23 A good supply of Negro Jeans and Linsey on and L. RICHARDSON.

ap16 dly&wly 2dost Office of Adams' Express Comp'y,

LOUISVILLE, JULY 22, 1861.

SOUTHERN

S. A. JONES, Agent, NOR SALE-HULL FOR WHARP.

BOAT-One of the best Hulls with
Cabin complete, for a wharf-boat, for
tale low. Apply to
initiate

11111 BELLA CO

One hundred three-year old Mules, Real Pstate, and Real Estate Notes (the city of Louis ville, Ky.) for NEW-ROES, Apply to Joha Burks, near thic city.

JAMES B. BURKS NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE,

NO PREIGHTS will be received at the Depote o'clock P. M.

W. F ARRIS, Agent. MOORE'S

CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, &c. No. 318 north side Market street, between Third and Fourth LOUISVILLE, KV. TURNIP SEED, OF 1861.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

MAMMOTH FURNITURE DEPOT,

NEW CROP READY FOR SHIPPING, J. D. BONDURANT. From select stocks, and matured under pervision of an experienced Seedsmo

Seed and Agricultural Warehouse.

534 MAIN STREET, NEAR SIXTH, LOUISVILLE, KY. QUOTATIONS NOT ALLOWED, WHERE LESS than 50 ms are taken. than 50 ms are taken.
We ite Flat Dutch (desirable for table

Liberal Discount to the Trade. J. D. BONDURANT. NOTICE.

WILLIAM REYNOLDS and E. LOCKHART.

doing business as Livery Stable Keepers in the
name and style of WM. REYNOLDS & CO., have
this day dissolved partnership, and the business
will hereafter be conducted in the name and style
of L. REYNOLDS & SON

W. PITKIN ... WM. L. P. WIARD ... BENJ. F. AVERY. PITKIN, WIARD & CO., SOUTHWESTERN

Seed and Agricultural Warehouse, 311 MAIN STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY. TURNIP SEED.

VI THE FLAT DUTCH Purple or Red Top. I Lung White Globe, Large White Worfolk, Purple-Top Ruta Baya, and Winter Turple- all growth of Ist. FITKIN, WIARD & CO. CIPER MILLS AND WINE PRESSES. For sale by WHEAT FASS. THE celebrated Climax Fan-Chaffer and Sep Bamborough Fan; Woster do,

ARKANSAS COTT ON LANDS, ROTEC-TED BY LEVEES, AND NEAR THE MISSISSIPPI RIVER, FOR SALE ON ACCOMMODATING TERMS, OR ONE HALF OF EACH TRACT IN EXCHANGE FOR NEGROES TO-WIT:
TIRST TRACT-Of 1,800 acres, on Alligator Bayou, three miles from Missi sippi river, back
of Walnut Bend, in Cristenden county, below Mem
phis: 200 acres deadened.

phis, 200 acres deadened.

SECOND TRACT-1,100 acres, on the line of Railroad from Gaines' Landing and back of Bayou Bartholomew, in Drew county.

THIRD TRACT-3,000 acres, on Old Town Ridge and Lake in Phillips county, two miles from Mississippiriver, 800 acres five-year old deadening.

FOURTH TRACT-1,000 acres, on Old Town Ridge and Lake, one nile from Mississippi river, 200 acres cleared, 400 acres deadened six years, with all necessary buildings. FIFTH TRACT-1,900 acres, on Old Town Ridge and Lake, four miles from Mississipal river; 400 acres in high state of cultivation, 700 acres old leadering, with No. 1 Dwelling and Plantation

buildings.

Persons desiring more information will please address GEORGE W. JOHNSON, at Georgetown, Ky. W. V. JOHNSON, at Louisville, Ky. Mr. LEWIS CASTLEMAN, at Criteriden county, Ark, and Mr. J. S. MATHEWS, at Drew county, Ark, GEORGE W. JOHNSON, mv17 dtf

W. V. JOHNSON, COAL. COAL. PITTSBURG.

PEACH ORCHARD. HARTFORD CITY. COAL OF the best quality and at the lowest price For sale by CRITTENDEN & GANTH West side Third st., bet, Maio and Market, mr3 dtf

Oil Lamps Oil Oil Lamps Oil Oil Lamps Oil COAL OIL, LUNAR OIL, LARD OIL, and FLUID LAMPS, of every style, and emoracing all the latest improvements, together with all the Burning Oils and Burning Fluids, of the best quality, for saw wholesale and retail very ow. We are exclusive azents for this city for the sale of the Breckinridge Coal Oil (the best made), and for the Lunar Oil and Lamps: also for the sale of rights for the Lunar Light. Who would burn candles when a light equal to five or six caudies can be had athaif the cost of one candle? Lunar and Coal Oil Lamps are just as a few acades.

HARDY & REAPTY and day the first control of the candles are just as a few acades.

F. WEIHE. CAP MANUFACTURER, Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, (opp site Court House,) LOUISVILLE, KY.,

KEPSonstantly on hand an assortment of CAPS, HATS, acc., which he sells at Easte, a prices.

EM Military caps of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice, and at lowest prices, and did dir F. FABEL & CO., NO. 145 THIRD ST. BET. MAIN AND RIVER, MANUFACTURERS OF LARD OIL, SOAPS, Star and Tallow Candles, &c.

PETERS, WEBB & CO., PIANO FORTES!

OFFICE AND WARROOMS CORNER OF SIXTH AND MAIN STS. LOUISVILLE, KY. Always on hand a complete stock of Plane Fortes, in every style of Plane Fortes, in every style of Plane Fortes, in every style of Plane Fortes, and heads of Schools are inveded to examine our instruments. They will find them equal in tone, finish and durability, to any made, and from 10 to 20 per cent cheaper.

RCHITECTURAL FOUNDRY. SWEANEY & CO.,

PORTLAND AV., BELOW FOURTEENTH ST.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
TANUFACTURE to order, Iron Fronts, Air
Mi Grates and Sash Accord anim nts; Drain
Sipes, &c. Also from Window Cors and Sile.
All orders for Iron Window Cors and Sile.
All orders for Iron Work premy ity a tended to
and guaranteed:

FROM VESTERDAY EVENING'S EDITION.

BALE OF NEW COTTON .- The At lanta (Ga.) Patriot says: "The first bale of new cotton in market this season, was received on the 30th ult., from the plantation of S. P. Davis, Esq , at the warehouse of Sims & Rust. It weighed five hundred pounds and classed as fair cotton. This first bale of the erop took a free ride on the same day in a passenger train to Macon, and will, in

SATISFIED WITH THE REPORT .- The editor of the New York Times says he is very well satisfied with McDowell's official re port of the Manassas battle, in which he ssesses the killed at 481. Now what be. comes of the long lists of names of killed in the battle published in the other New York papers? They have already given the names of eight hundred and eighteen killed in the fight, and less than half the regiments enumerated.

More Lincoln Guns.—Three more car loads, containing 3,000 Lincoln guns, arrived at Lexington Saturday night and were immediately sent forward towards East Convention and against the invaders—that Tennessee. Gen. Nelson, of Lincoln's army, Judge Bramlette, who has resigned his seat on the bench for the purpose of taking command of a Lincoln regiment, and other agents of Lincoln, were in close to executive mansion at Jefferson City and contract the collection of the collectio and other agents of Lincoln, were in close consultation at Lexington on Sunday, and that afternoon proceeded to Nicholasville.

Mr. P. H. Oliver, of Georgia, owner of Blind Tom, had the misfortune to get his leg broken on the railroad near Chattanooga a few days since. He is now in Nashville under treatment of the ablest

We see by the reports, says the New Hampshire Register, that the Ohio troops, who committed the cowardly assault upon lor. C. L. Vallandigham, a short time ce, behaved the most disgracefully of any portion of the army. They were brave enough to attack and maltreat a single unarmed man, for a difference of opinion, but powder and ball they had no relish for.

COAL DEPOT .- We invite the attention of our readers to the advertisement of our clever triend S. J. STUART, who has opened a Coal Office on Third street, west side, between Main and Market. He has always on hand a choice supply of the best Pittsburg and Beach Bottom Coal, which is offered at the lowest possible rates. Give him

WHERE IS CADWALADER?-The Baltimore correspondent of the New York Daily News says: "I hear from a reliable source that General Cadwalader is lying dangerously wounded in Philadelphia. This is from a gentleman who knows and defies the government to prove it otherwise.

The Petersburg Express says that Capt. Gannaway, of the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, carried down sixty prisoners of war to Salem, on the 21 inst., and lodged them in jail. They were taken by Gov. Wise's command, and among the number are three Methodist preachers.

The people of Franklin county, Ala., counties in the State previous to the assembling of her Secession Convention, have duce loan of the Confederate States.

THE SICK AND WOUNDED .- The New York Times of Friday last has a tabular report of the sick and wounded Federals in five hospitals in Washington. The number reported is only nine hundred and

THE COTTON LOAN .- It is stated in a let ter written by the Richmond correspondent of the Charleston Courier, that the cotton subscribed in the States of Georgia, Alanama and Mississippi amounts to \$50,000,-000-the sum asked for by Congress.

Suicibe.-J. Spooner, formerly an ex press messenger for Adams & Co., at Savannah, Ga., committed suicide at Cincinnati on Sunday at the Burnet House. He was found hung to the bed-post. His na. tive place was Bridgeport, Conn.

FIRE AT CYNTHIANA.-About half-past two o'clock Saturday morning, a fire broke out in the old West House, in Cynthiana, which was totally destroyed; it was unoc cupied, and belonged to Capt. W. E. Simms, of Paris, Ky.

A pair of ladies' lace gloves and a lace shawl have been manufactured in Charleston, S. C.

Interesting From Lexington, Mo. We learn from a soldier belonging to ompany D. of Col. Stifle's regiment of Home Guards, stationed at Lexington, that

affairs in that region are in a rather deli-cate and dangerous condition.

The term of Col. Stifel's men expires on the 11th inst. (to-morrow,) and the entire force will, in a few days, return to this city, leaving Lexington in a defenceless condition, and exposed to the mercy of a force of organized Scossionists, 1,500 strong, encamped at various places in La-fayette and the adjoining counties.

The Secessionists have a battery of three guns, between Lexington and Waverly, commanding the river, with which the could repel any small force ascending the

Col. Stifel's command is said to be practically besieged at Lexington, and in constant apprehension of an attack. His force consists of about 700 men. It is thought if he attempts to come down the river on a boat, he will be attacked by the Secessionists' batteries, and that these batteries will be vigorously used against any expedition sent up to take Col. Stefel's

[Reported Expressly for the Louisville Courier] POLICE COURT.

GEORGE W. JOHNSTON, JUDGE. Monday, August 12.

Vagrants.—J. Long, Ed. Darlan and R.
Bennett were all presented as vagrants.—
These men are doing nothing but loafing around the streest, picking up what they could catch. They cach went to the cave in default of \$100 bail.

Drunken Woman.—Matilda Shewsby, one of the lowest woman in the site ways.

of the lowest women in the city, was presented on the charge of drinking bad whisky, and lying in the streets. Ball in \$100 for one month.

DRUNK.—John Knapp was up for being drunk and disorderly. Bail in \$200 for six months.

FIGHTING DRUNK .- L. Casey and John Ford were arrested for being drunk, being so full of mean whisky that they got into a fight. They each went to the cave for six months in default of \$100 bail.

AFFAIRS IN MISSOURI.

We have received the St. Louis papers of Saturday evening, from which we condense the following items of interest in connec tion with affairs in Missouri. From the following, from the St Louis Bulletin of Saturday evening, it will be seen that Governor Jackson is supported by a formidable force to repel the invaders from the soil of Mis-

Gov. Jackson, with three columns, is now marching from the border northward to Irive out the minions of the Convention. One column, under Generals McCullough, a short time, return made into substantial goods, which, under the nimble fingers of the Dougherty county ladies, will be speedily transferred into clothing for the particle soldiers."

The report of a fight between a portion of that column and the forces of Gen. Lyon, at or near springfield may reach here at any moment. pringfield, may reach here at any moment. The middle column of twelve thou and men, under Gen. Hardee, has already mov-ed from Pocahontas into Missouri.

The castern column, whose base of operations is at New Madrid, will consist of about twenty thousand men, under the command of Gens. Cheatham, Pillow, Bowen, and Thompson, and may move northward in two divisions. Notwithstanding reports to the constanting reports to the standing reports to the contrary, we state that we are informed that all these col-mans are well armed and well drilled—and that they have an abundance of artillery, served by the best officers, and a plenty of

exercise in peace the duties of the office to which the people elected him.

We have been furnished the following letter, written by a gentleman at Athens, giving an entirely different account of the battle at that place. The gentleman who furnishes the letter indorses the reliability of the writer. of the writer:

"Col. Martin Green, (brother of Ex-Sen Nashville under treatment of the ablest medical attendant, and we hope he will so far and speedily recover as to be able to commence the series of concerts proposed in that city for the benefit of the Southern soldiers.

Soldiers. ond time, and drove them before him, until Col Moore was reinforced again, when, af-ter a hard fight, Green retreated, carrying off their two pieces of artillery, wounded, &c. Green had to fight in all from two to three thousand men, yet his boys fought with all the coolness of veterans, and drove them back in every hand to hand

Among the State troops who were killed. eight in all, were some of our best men.
The following names are all I have obtained: Jos. Ewalt, Eli Butler, Mr. Moore,
Mr. Williams, Young Bowles, all living in
this neighborhood.

There is no doubt but the Federals lost from 200 to 300 men, in killed and wounded. The country is thoroughly aroused and the masses are very indignant at the intermeddling with their rights by the people of Illinois and Iowa, who, at the instance and information of every intermeddling, cowardly Black Republican, send their armed hordes to rob and murder our best citizens.

A. B. O. citizens. A. B. O.

We have also been permitted to make the following extracts from a letter dated Shel-byville, Aug. 5:h.

"The State troops gathered one day last week in Knox county, and took Edina, having first seen the Home Guards scatter from the place before they could get a chance at them. The Home Guards are said to have left, in their haste, some fifty muskets, with tents, &c. The cause of State Rights is continually

streagthening here, I believe. Porter is said to have some 2,000 State Guards under him in Knox. J. P. N." No authentic news reaches us as yet from Springfield. The Republican of this morning has evidently received an intimation of the expected defeat of Gen. Lyon, and is The people of Franklin county, Ala., striving to break its force. Rumors on the which was one of the strongest Union street are plentiful, but it is impossible to trace them back to their source. All we can say is "wait patiently. Time will tell."

> The St. Louis Republican of Sunday morning has the following:

LATEST FROM SPRINGFIELD. Our latest advices from Springfield are to 7 o'clock Thursday morning. There had been no fighting up to that time. Jackson's and McCullough's forces were then encamped along Wilson Creek for a listance of eight or ten miles and about as

many miles from Springfield. It was re-ported that they were awaiting the arrival of arms. Gen. Lyon was confident of success. A train had just arrived from Rola bringing him pleuty of provisions and ammu-nition.

PALMYRA, August 10. Passengers from the west this morning, eport being fired on between Clarence and Shelbina stations, on the Hannibal and St. Joseph road. From ninety to one hundred balls struck the engine and passenger coaches. The windows were broken and the cars were badly cut up by the bullets. Fortunately, no one was hurt. Engineers are protected by slats of iron around the

This city was visited by a company of Secessionisis yesterday. They attempted to take two Union men prisoners, but were pursuaded to abanden their purpose by the Mayor. They are now encamped a short distance from here.

the following version of the reported kill-

ing of Gen. Lyon: LYON REPORTED KILLED.

A somewhat plausible rumor was circula ted on the street yesterday, to the effect that Gen. Lyon had been killed in the late skirmish near Springfield, by one of his own troops. The story goes that General Lyon had been for some time in bad odor with his men, resulting from harsh and inhuman treatment. It is said that he accused a sergent of his regiment known amount. human treatment, it is said that he accused a sergeant of his regiment, known among his comredes as an honest and respectable man, of having stolen a pair of boots, notwithstanding the latter denied the charge, declaring most emphatically that he homehy. declaring most emphatically that he bought and paid for them. Gen. Lyon is said to have made use of the language: "You are a d—d liar, you stole them," at the same time bringing the boots into close contact with his lace.

Facts Leaking Out.

According to the cfficial report of Gen McDowell, commander of the Federal forces, one brigade, name not given, that went into the fight 615 strong has been reduced to 174. Can the General tell what has become of the Ellsworth Zouaves. They originally numbered 1,187, rank and file,-Now they are numbered among the things that were-not even a corporal's guard left. The following from the Cincinnati Commercial tells the tale:

[Communicated.]

"The New York Fire Zouaves, a regiment "The New York Fire Zonaves, a regiment eleven hundred strong when it marched to Bull Run, was reported to have lost nine hundred and fifty men. The first stragglers who reached Washington pretended that they had seen the whole regiment, with the exception of one hundred and fifty, dead on the field. It turns out that there were only one hundred and twenty-nine killed, wounded and missing."

so full of mean whisky that they got into a fight. They each went to the cave for six months in default of \$100 bail.

Etealing.—James, a slave of Daniel Thompson, was arrested for stealing a hat from C. Clegg. He was ordered to receive 10 stripes.

Drunk.—Bridget Kline was arrested for being drunk and disorderly. She gave bail in \$200 for six months.

More Contraband.—On Saturday, Custom House officers Pollock and Rose seized ten Colt's revolving rifles and one dozen sashes, at the Spencer House, which were lound in the possession of a man named Taylor, frem Louisville. He left the goods as security for his appearance this morning.—[Cid. Com.]

SPECIAL DISPATCHES.

[From the Cincinnati Enquirer.] FROM WASHINGTON.

General Butler Relieved-Confederates Gathering Round Martins-burg-Refusal to Recognize the Confederates as Belligerents.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 10. Gen. Butler has been relieved of the chief command of the Army of Eastern Virginia, at his own request. Gen. Wool is to supersede him. Brigadier General Tyler has been honorably discharged from service, his term baving expired.

Mr. Wilson has obtained leave to raise a regiment of excitational bridge heides. egiment of engineers and bridge builders t is already nearly organized. Dispatches have been received from Sec

retary Chase to-day, stating that he has net with the most abundant success in negotiating the loan in New York. (oh!) Governor Sprauge, it is believed, has ormally declined the appointment of Brig Seneral in the army, and will retain his ossition as Executive of the State. (good.) All is quiet in the city. Some insubordi-ation is, however, reported in the camps, but it creates no apprehension. (ac.)
Some deprodations have been committed by the troops across the river, which have created a deep feeling of indignation here. The New York Thirty-seventh Regiment (Irish) are said to be the guilty ones.
The Confederates are said to be gathering around Martinsburg, Virginia, in large numbers.

numbers.

Many letters have been received here from prisoners in the hands of the Confed-trates. They all delare that they are treated well, and are supplied with abundance of good food.

They appeal to the Government to recognize the Confederates as belligerents and exchange prisoners, as is usual in war.—They say that the fate of many of them will depend on what is done with the priwill depend on what is done with the privateersmen of the Savannah.

Nothing has been heard from Gen, Lyon's command since Wednesday.

[Special to the Cincinnati Gaze.te.] WASHINGTON, Aug. 11.

All vacant civil offices under the Admin istration are to be speedily filled. The State Department will soon complete the list of regular Consuls, as also temporarily the ones just authorized.

The recent published rumors to the effect that Lord Lyons has informed this Government that England does not regard the blockade as effective are without foundation.

tion. (Poh.)
The President's family leave in a special rain to morrow for Long Branch.

Arrival of the Pony Express. ANLIE STATION, PACIFIC TELEGRAPH, FIFTY MILES WEST OF FORT KEARNY, Aug 10. The Pony Express passed at 9 P. M. yes-

terday. San Francisco, July 21.—The demand for coffee, teas, sugars, liquors and brandies continues excellent on account of the an-ticipated tariff changes, and the trade are stocking full of these articles in advance of

consumption. On account of Eastern advices of reon account of Eastern advices of re-newed dangers from privateers, exchange advanced to 5 per cent.; insurance on treasure shipments to 4 per cent.; notwith-standing, treasure will go forward freely by to-morrow's steamer.

The Overland Telegraph has been extended 25 miles further eastward. The end of the wire is now 125 miles east of Carson Valley, and progressing at the rate of twenty-five miles per week. The Pony Express news is now telegraphed to San Francisco two days before the Pony

LATER.
[By telegraph from Anlir Station] San Francisco, August 2. Sailed August 1st, the steamer Golden Gate, with \$1,370,000 in treasure, and 225

Forboltown, Butler county, was nearly destroyed on the 1st by fire. Loss about

At the Breckinridge Democrats' ratifi-cation meeting in San Francisco, on the 31st, men crowded the Music Hall, and created such an uproar the meeting could not proceed.—[St. Louis Republican, 11th. PPISONERS IN THE VIRGINIA COAL MINES

-The following suggestion is from the Richmond, Va., Examiner, of the 7th: The supply of coal in this city next winter will be short. There are two rea-

THE PARTY SERVICE STREET, SALES AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY COAL! COAL!

WM. L. MURPHY keeps constantly on hands W large supply of the best Pittsburg and Youghlosheny Coal. Also the "Hartford City Coal," none better for steam or cooking purposes; used by many families of the city, who pronounce it nearly equato Pittsburgh, and superior to any other now in use for steam and family purposes. All I ask is a fair trial of it, and I warrant it will give satisfaction.—Sold waolesale and retail at the lowest cash prices. SW office casts side Fourth street, below Main, and Thirds beet, between Main and Chirds each between Main and Chirds of the control of the cont

CHOICE COAL.

WE have just received by our tow-beat W. Fox. a heavy tow of very superior PIT2 BURGH COAL, which we ofer at the very low market price.

Ocal times. Market st., bet. Sixth and Seventh, nil du

TRABUE & LUCUS, NASHVILLE.....TENNESSEE.

No. 73 Public Square, near City Hotel. WE are orepared to make liberal CASH AD VANCES on every description of Dry 6cods Clothias, Varieties, Boots Spose, Hars, Hardware Cuttery, &c., &c.; also any discliction of Grocarie and Provisions; or we will receive and forward ostore any of the above Merchandise consigned to

Reference at Nashville. | Reference at Louisville W. S. Eakin & Co.,
A. J. Duncan & Co.,
H. & B. Doogles,
John Merrow & Son.
au5 d4m*

BOARDING.

A GENTLEMAN AND LADY can be accommodated with an excellent front room, and boarding with a private family, in a pleasant part of the oldy. For particulars, apply at the office may diff. \$5 REWARD.

ETRAYED, a large Brindle COW; no mark, except a small streak of white down the back, and a small piece out of the left ear. Return to the corner myz5 diff. my25 dtf JOHN H. KITZERO WOLF & DURRINGER. MANUFACTURERS OF JEWELRY WEGLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS I

Watches, Clocks, Silver and Plated Ware, Orner of Fifth and Market. Leuisville, Ky.

THE UNDERRIGNED HAVE REMOVED TO THE
commodious building, corner fifth and Market
streets, where they have opened a large and complete stock of Watches and Jewelry. This assortment comprises American, English, and Swiss Watches, and Jewelry of their own manufacture, of the richest and most elegant styles and patterns; also, Clocks
of the best manufacture, and Sliver and Plated
Ware.

Ware. We invite the attention of purchasers, and pledge ourselves to sell as low as can be bought in the ast. Diamonds are set to order. Watches and ewelry repaired and jwarranted.
25 dighest price pa d for Californsa Gold.
25 dtf LAW CARD. JOHN JONES, Jr.,

(COUNTY ATTORNEY.)
A TTORNEY AT LAW, Court Place, Louisville
Ry, will give prompt attention to Legal business
in the Courts of Louisville, and the Court of Appeals,
decil dtf BOOTS AND SHOES At Reduced Prices!

The subscriber, having a large stock of LADIES and GENTS WINTER BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS on had, all of his own samufacture, offers them at greatly reduced prices for CASH.

Gents in want of fine CALF WINTER BOOTS can be accommodated at the very low price of 87 per pair for cash (only. Gents in want of can be accommeded at the very low price of the per pair for cash only.

Also, a lot of MEN'S AND BOYS' THICK AND BIP BOOTS at cost for cash only.

D. MARSHALL, Main street, heliau Third. Di Gelegraph.

Vesterday Noon's Dispatches.

GARABALDI IS COMING! He is Appointed a Major-General

The U. S. Foreign Army. GEN. WOOL TO TAKE COM.

MAND OF PT. MONHOE. IMPORTANT from SAN DOMINGO

THE PRINCE AT MANASSAS.

He Reviews the "Rebel" Troops!

A Northern Version of his Expressed Opinion.

From Washington.

[Special to the N. Y. Tribune.]
WASHINGTON, August 10 —Garabaidi has tendered his services to the Federal Gov tendered his services to the Federal Government, through the American Consul at Genoa and Secretary Seward. His offer has been accepted, and the rank of Major General is tendered to the noble Italian.

John Bigelow, late editor of the New York Evening Post, has been appointed Consul to Paris.

Gen. Wool is certainly ordered to assume command at Fortress Monroe.

Washington, August 11.—Gov. Kirkwood, of lowa is here to procure the Government indersement of his State's bonds, to raise money to equip her forthcoming

raise money to equip her forthcomiz egiments.

[Special to the New York Herald 1 [Specialto the New York Herald]
Prince Napoleon was cordially received
at Manassus, and reviewed about 6,000 Rebel troops. He was pressed by Beauregard
and Johnston to visit Richmond, but declined, some of his suite report about 60,000
troops at Manassas. They are dirty, ragged
and looked half starved.

[Special to the N.Y. Times] [Special to the N.Y. Times]

Prince Napoleon's experience at Mauassas was not such as to create a very favorable opinion of the Rebel commander, he expresses as follows: "Gen. Beauregard has very much show, much pomp, many people run after him with much noise. I have not a very high appreciation of him as a military man, but he is very much of a gentleman. Gen. Johnston is a very quiet and unassuming man, but brave, and I think a unassuming man, but brave, and I think a fine officer. You can tell that by his looks, but my impression of the troops is very bad.

[Special to the N. Y. World.]

In order to prevent the rebels having communication with Washington, the market men from Virginia are not allowed to enter the city. The bridges across the Potomac are unpassable except at certain times for Government purposes.

(Special to the New York Times.)

Our correspondent on board the sloop of war Brooklyn, oil the mouth of the Mississippi, gives some interesting information relative to the condition of affairs at New Orleans, derived from a deserter of the rebel army who made his escape down the Mississippi. He reached the vessel in safety after considerable hardship. The city, according to his account, is in a fearful condition of terrorism, caused by the bands of cut throat soldiers stationed there, who are in a most complete state of demoralization, and commit acts of the basest nature. Houses had been entered, families broken [Special to the New York Times.] tion, and commit acts of the basest nature. Houses had been entered, families broken up, and men had been threatened with the direst vengeance unless their wants were supplied. Provisions of every kind were very scarce, and consequently very high, and many of the poorer portions of the community were suffering terribly.

Notwithstanding the apparent unanimity of the people on the question of secession, there is a strong Union element under the surface, which only awaits the proper opportunity to make fiself known and terribly felt. The man from whom this information was received confirms the reports which have heretofore reached us relative to the plan for the destruction of

winter will be short. There are two reasons for this: 1st, the cutting off of the santhracite supply; and 2d, a deficiency of labor in the pits to meet the consequently increased demand for bituminous coal. It is, therefore, respectfully suggested to the proper authorities that the Yankee prisoners now here be sent to the neighboring coal-pits, and there made to labor for the bread and meat they consume.—They are safe places of confinement, and our soldiers now required to guard them could be put to better use.

The writer of this, who is well acquainted with the delightful temperature of a coal-pit on a hot August day, only objects to the arrangement because of the increased comfort to the Vandals would enjoy in comparison with that of their present location in confined tobseco factories.

The secretary of War has sent a letter to the Dauler in reply to his communication regarding the disposition of fugitives. The letter after discussing the matter pretty fully, concludes by saying: "Under these circumstances it seems quite clear that the substantial rights of loyal masters are still best protected by receiving such fugitives, as well as those of disloyal masters, into the service of the U. States, and employing them under such organizations and such occupations as circumstances may suggest or require—of course a record should be kept, showing the name and description of the fugitives, and such facts as may be necessary for a correct understanding of the circumstances of each case.

When tranquility shall have been restored, Congress will properly provide for

ease.

When tranquility shall have been restored, Congress will properly provide for all persons thus received into the service of the Union and for a just compensation to loyal masters. You will, however, neither authorize nor permit any interfer-

ence by the troops under your command with the servants of peaceable citizens in house or field, nor will you in any way encourage such servants to leave the lawful service of their masters, nor will you pre-vent the voluntary return of any fugitive to the service from which he may have (Signed) SIMON CAMERON,

Secretary of War.
[Special to the New York Po.t.] Washington, Aug. 12 — The rebels have sent two Tennessee regiments to Quanti-coke creek, on the Potomac, at a place lyng at right angles with Manassas Jun Batteries are now erecting at that point o prevent a flank movement of our army

upon Manassus.
Mr. Wood has been reappointed Commissioner of public buildings by the Presi-Maryland Secessionists are daily attempt ing to cross into Virginia.

Affairs in Dominica. New York, Aug. 11.—By the arrival of the brig Laura, Capt, Langthorne, we have advices from San Domingo City to July 25th.

The war between Spain and Hayti is at The difficulty between the two countries

have been amicably settled.

The Domican armies have returned to he frontiers. A decree has been issued by the Spanish

A decree has been issued by the Spanish authorities declaring slavery forever abolished there, and any person interfering with it shall be considered liable under the conspirator's act.

Emigrations from the United States are particularly desired, the Government of-fering as an inducement, tracts of land, and insuring all emigrants accepting the terms, protection. Even the American residents there favor the project, and desire emigra-tion. The health of the country is good.

From Fortress Monroe. FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 10.—Apprehen-ions are felt about Lieut. Crosby and par-

ty, who left here four days ago on an expedition to the Eastern Shore.

A flag of truce from Norfolk inquired after missing Rebels who were supposed to be prisoners among them.

Col. Pegram, one of Gen. Magruder's captains, penetrated within our lines at Newport News, and declared the place too strong to be attacked.

One thousand rations are now issued to the contrabands at Old Point.

FORTRESS MONROE, Aug. 111 .- Prof. La Mountain made two successful excursions yesterday, having attained an attitude of \$,000 feet, and found the encampment of

3,000 feet, and found the ercampment of the Confederate troops about 3 miles beyond New Market Bridge.

There were no traces of the Rebels near Hampton. A considerable force is also encamped this side of James river some eight miles above Newport News.

The two cannon mounted at Sewell's Point point towards Old Point. He thinks they are only large field pieces. There are also about one thousand Confederates at Sewall's Point.

From Boston.

Boston, Aug. 12.—A private letter states that 20 of the soldiers of the Massachusetts Fifth Regiment reported killed are prisoners in Riemmond.

Compound Buckeya Pile Salve, MANUFACTURED and sold exclusively at the crisin Riemmond.

Manufactured and sold exclusively at the crisin Riemmond.

O. H. STRATTON, Apothecary.

Special Jotices.

Cristadoro's Excelsior Dye

been analized by DR. CHILTON of New York, the first Analytic Chemist in America, and is cer tified under his hand to be free from deleterious redients, as well as a splendid dye. Instanta seems in its operation, and perfect in its results.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, No. 6 Asor House. New York. Sold everywhere, and ap-plied by all Hal- Dressers. and dawlin

WEB-STEER'S GALLERY, AMBROTYPES, PHOTOGRAPHS IVORYTYPES, LIFE-SIZE GRAPHS

OLD BOURBON WHISKY. I have on hand and for sale, a lot of the finest OLD WHIS

a lot of the finest OLD WHIS-KY in the State, from 6 to 10 fears old, made to my order by the best whisky akers in the State. I warrant it to be pure, cop per-distilled, sweet mash, made from 10 to 15 de-grees above proof. For further information, addreas box 208, Post-office, Louisville, Ky.; or my Mice, 227 Fourth stacet.

RICHARDSON'S TRIBE LINENS, DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &c.
CONSUMERS of Richardson,s Linens, and those desirous of obtaining the genuine goods shoul see that the articles they purchase are so she full name of the firm.

As a guarantee of the soundness and durability in Goods.

This caution is rendered essentially necessary as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are prepared, season after season, and sealed with the name of RICHARDSON, by Irish Houses, who, recardless of the highry thus inflicted on the American donsumer and the manufacturers of the genume Goods, will not readily abandon a business or prediable, while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.

J. Bullocke & J. B. Locke, all div Agents. 34 Reade street. New York.

Millinery

No. 327 Market street, bet. Third and Fourth, LOUISVILLE KY DR. J. WILSON,

br. W. having long experience in the northwest of the United States, in the treatment of all dis-sess to which they are subject, feels confident of thing satisfaction to all who may favor him with a Advice, Horse and Cattle Medicine. Liniments, Ointments, &c., may be had at his Dispen-sary, at HENRY DUNCAN'S LIVERY STABLE, Market street, between Sixth and Seventh, Operations skillfully performed. my15 d3m

FORST HOUSE, RUSSELLVILLE, KY. DRURY W. POOR Proprietor



GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY Chartered by the Legislature of Ken-

Diseases of the Urinary and Genital Organs.



Diseases of the Urinary and Genital Organs.

A MEDICAI, REPORT, Containing Thirty Fine Plates and Engravings of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Secural Organs in a state of Health and Disease.

Fig. 19 Sent tree of postage to all parts of the country Being a plain and comprehensive treatise on all diseases of the Urinary and Genital Organs, such as primary and secondary Syphilis, Gleet, Gonorrhea, Strictures, Dysuria, Urethritis, Diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Female Diseases, and all affections of the reproductive system of both sexes; the secret infirmities of youth and manhood, arising from Maturation or other excesses; the secret infirmities of youth and manhood, arising from Maturation of other excesses; the secret infirmities of youth and manhood, arising from Maturation of the reproductive system of both sexes; the secret infirmities of youth and manhood, arising from Maturation of the reproductive system of both sexes; the secret infirmities of youth and manhood, arising from Maturation of the reproductive appears of the Kidneys and Bladder, feeting of the transport of the control of the married, and those contemplating marriage, who it riam doubts of their physical condition. Sentt, any address in a sealed wrapper on the receipt of TEN CENTS, or fifteen copies for \$1.

Those afflicted with any of the above diseases, before placing themselves under the treatment of any one, should first read this invaluable book.

The Consulting Surgeon may be consulted daily from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M., on all diseases of which the above work treats; and patients at a distance, by sending a statement of their symptoms, can have medicines sent to any part of the country free from damage or detection. For particulars, send for our Blank Chart, containing a list of questions, our terms. &c. All letters promptly answered, and communications considered confidential.

DR. DEWEE'S FEMALE MONTHLY REGULATOR, a safe and cortain remedy for Obstruction, Irregularities, &c., and is the only reliable "Treventive of pregnabey."

perpetual.

OFFICE.—No. 314 FIFTH STREET, between Market and Jefferson, west side.

At letters for Books or Medicines should be directed to DR. GALEN'S DISPENSARY.

EF Our corresponden's in the Second States will please direct to "NASHVILLE, TENN. IN CARE OF LOUISVILLE COUP IER COMPANY."

my?4d&wif

A Blue Scalp and Withered Hair are the consequences of using dyes containing Nitrade of Silver. Bear this in mind, and remembe

CHEAP JEWELRY! the ingenuity brought to bear upon the diversi powers of mechanical art; transcend by far ilerculean labors of the ancients. The great airacle of the age, however, has been achieved acting up an entire set of Jewelry to cost but of Dollar. This lact has recently been noticed: Dollar. This fact has recently been noticed an scientifically commented upon in a magazine devo-ted to the culture of everything literary and artis-tic. As an evidence of the tact, and in proof of the merited cultory bestowed upon the articles in anestion, call at the Store of NATHAN WHITE, or Third street, between Market and Jefferson, where may be found a large supply of grides of Jew-elry, the cost of which is but One Dollar for choice of any article.

J. N. Richardson, Sons & Owden As a guarantee of the soundness and durability the Goods.

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FANCY STORE,

VETERINARY SURGEON. Dr. W. respectfully announces to the chizens of Louisville and its vicinity, that he is practicing the above professional in all its various branches, and rusts, by strict attention, to merit their future satronage.

PPRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES. 21 TP Passengers and Baggage carried to and from the Railroad Depot. FREE OF CHARGE. ie3 d3m DR. HALL'S MEDICAL INFIRMARY,



Conducted on the plan of the Hospital Des Veneriens, Paris,

Wherethose afflicted with any form of Private Disease can receive prompt treatment without risk or exposure, viz. Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleek, Strictures, Ulcers, Tumore, Cancers, Scoondary and Constitutional Syphilis, Disease of the Eddneys, & By this system it is proved that the venereal complaint is as entirely under the control of medicine asis a common coid or simple fever; and, while insufficient persons are daily sending away and giving them up only from their own incompetency, complete and permanent cures are constantly being affected at this Infirmat.

YOUNG MEN TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE—Dr. If devotes much of his time to the treatment of those cases caused by a secret habit, which runs both body and onlin, unfitting the unfortunate individual for either business or society. The sad effect of these early habits, or the excess of riper years are to weaken and debilitate the constitution, destroy the physical and mental powers, diminish and enfeeted the natural feelings, and exhaust the vital energies of manhood; the pleasures of life are marred, the object of marriage frustrated, and existence itself rendered a term of unceasing misery and regret. Such persons, especially those condensiphisting marriage, should love no time in making immediate application, as Dr. II., by his per treastnent, is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnent, is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnent, is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnent, is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnent, is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnent, is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnent, is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnent, is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnent, is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnent is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnent is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnent is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnent is enabled to insure a speedy and perit treastnen new freatment, is cannot a permanent oure.

DR. HALL'S AMERICAN PERIODICAL PILLS—
No art cle of medicine intended for the exclusive set females has ever yet been introduced tha has given such universal satisfaction as the American Periodical Pills. They can be relied on in a cases of Menstral Obstruction, Irregularities, &c.

tucky for the treatment of all the



EXPRESS

LEBANON

jy23 dim

AT 5 P. M.

Musselman & Son. TOBACCO MANUFACTURERS,

THIRD STREET, BETWEER MAIN AND THE RIVER, LOUISVILLE, MY., 1

NATIONAL HOTEL,



T. A. HARROW, Proprietor,

Corner of Main and Fourth Streets.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

TERMS, \$150 PER DAY.

LOUISVILLE MANUFACTURE!

J. MASON & CO., 497 MAIN STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH. THIRD DOOR ABOVE NATIONAL HOTEL.

Miscellaneous.

KENTUCKY PREMIUM SALT RIVER

BOURBON

BOURBON

ABOVE BEN PARO IS CENT

ADDRESS

SECONDARY SYPHILIS!

and Humors, Impurity of the Blood, Ve-

tism, &c., &c., entirely Removed by Means

Without the Use of Medicine!

nereal Infection, Skin Diseases, Rheu

of a new Medicated Fumigation Bath,

results, where the threat is meetined and the covered with sores, the ulcers cicatrize and ha few days, and in a short time every sympt the disease disappears to return no more, where the disease has lurked in the blood for

Important to Females!



KENTUCKY 1854 SALT RIVER SALT RIVER hay so restored to their former nearly at vigor by making immediate application.

TO THE LADIES—Dr. Gates is seent for M. LA URAUX'S FRENCH PREVENTIVE POWDERS 39 their use, those who, from any cause, wish to imit the number of their offsprings, can do so without danger to health or constitution. Price, by mail, 29 and two postage stamps.

Also for M. D. CAPRAU S FEMALE MONTHLY PILLS—A safe and effectual remedy for irregularities, Obstractions, dc. Price, by mail, 21 and 12 postage stamp.

CAUTION!—These Pills should not be taken during presenter; as they are sure to produce Miscarniage.

To persons at a distance, who wish to be cured at home, we will on the receipt of a brief statement.

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA. A COMPOUND REMEDY, DESIGNED to be the A most effectual Alterative that can be made. It is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaperilla, so combined with ether substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accemplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this : cmpound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found in the following complaints:

Serofula and Scrafulous Complaints, Eruntions THE ABOVE DISEAS-ES, and those of a simi-lar nature, yield most readily to the powerful reaction produced in the system by these Baths while it escapes the per-nicious effects of drugs. Persons who have used

the worst cases to be found in the following complaints:

Serofula and Serafulous Complaints, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases, Ulcers, Primptes, Blotch'es, Tumores, Salt Rheam, Scald Head, Syphilitic Affections, Merourial Disease, Dropsy, Neuradgia or Tie Douloureus, Debdity, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Erupipelus, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from Impurity of the Blood.

This compound will be found a great promote of health, when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankling disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to rid itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this hrough the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find it shotracted and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it wheney ou find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever its foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood, Keep the blood healthy, and all is well; but with this pabulum of the disordered, there can be no lasting health—Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of ille is disordered or over you.

Sausaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputaperfectly sound and well in thirty or forsy days with but little interrupt ion to their regular pursuits. In Succession, we covered with some than its ulcerated and the body covered with some than its ulcerated and the body. -felt but not seen—a few weeks suffice to effect a only the feet and the feet and the seen and

Sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or over wn.

Saisaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the worst has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrated extracts of it. contain but little of the virtue of Sar-asparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles pretending to give a quart of extract of Sarsaparilla or one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they not only contain little, if any. Sarsaparilla, but often no curation between the said of the same extracts of Sarsaparilla, which food the market, until the name itself is justly despised, and has become synonymous with imposition and cheat. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall rescue the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has virtues which are irresistible by the ordinary run of the diseases it is intended to cure. In order to secure their complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. A Y ER & CO.,

LOWELL, MASS.
Price, \$1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for \$5. Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

One department of our Dispensary is specially devoted to the treatment of the Diseases of Females. Three fourths of the mortality among American women is caused by Lucorrhea or "Whites," Sexual Weakness, Painful and Suppressed Menstruation, Nervous and General Debity, Hypochondria or Low Spirits, and Diseases of the Womb, neclected from a false delicary. Those flicted with the above, or any other diseases or respectfully invited to consult us, and case will be taken under treatment unlessly relieved.

The Galaxies of the Market of the Consult of the Consu Office of the Adams Express Co., LOUISVILLE, JULY 22, 1861. DESPATCHES Has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the peeple its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found NASHVILLE, MEMPHIS, AND NEW OR-LEANS, AT 9 A. M.

Costiveness. Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Foul Stomach, Erysipelas, Headache, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruytions and Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors and Salt Rheum, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Purifying the Blood.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive can take them pleasantly, and they are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box: Five Boxes for \$1.00.AT 7 A. M. BARDSTOWN AND ELIZABETHTOWN, S. A. JONES, Agent. SPLIT-BOTTOM CHAIRS. We are Agents for the sale of KENTUCKY PENITENTIARY Split-bottomed Chairs and have in store for sale a large lot of all sizes. e22 dtf

Wallstreet. Price 25 cents per Box: Five Boxes for \$1.00.

Great numbers of Clersymen, Physicians, States men, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefuiness of these remedies, but our space here will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AMERICAN ALMANAC, in which they are given; with also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more broût on. Demand AYSE's, and take no others. The sick want the best aid there is for them, and they should have it.

All our remedies are for sale by The White Sulphur Springs, Greenbrier County, Va. THIS celebroted Watering Place will be opened for the reception of visitors on the 15th inst. All our remedies are for sale by R. A. ROBINSON & CO. Wholesale Agents, Main stre my29 dtawlm J. HUMPHREYS, President.

THE NATIONAL HOTEL IS SITUATED IN THE YERY CENTER OF THE BUSINESS PART OF the city, convenient to the Railroad, Telegrap and Express Offices, the Banks, Post-Office, and Diacesof amusement and within one square of the principal Scamboat Landing.

The House has been thoroughly renovated and reflitted for the Summer business, and is in better convenience of the principal scamboat Landing.

Yesterday evening Thos. Graham was shot by officer Harry Kirby in the Nashville depot, the shot taking effect in his left side, glancing from a rib. It appears, from what we can learn of the affair, that Graham had been threatening Martin Casey, a lad at least so informed the officer, who called the attention of Superintendent Anderson to it, and he advised Kirby to take him out of the depot. He advanced along the depot on one side of the track, and Graham took the other, facing Kirby, and drew a pistel, and attempted to fire, but it did'nt go off. Kirby then fired, inflicting a wound in the side of Graham, who he then arrested, first taking his pistol, not knowing at the time that the shot had taken effect. We suppose an investigation will be made of the affair.

The Lincoln order to search the trunks and baggage, of passengers, at the Nashville depot has not yet been withdrawn. Yesterday a lady's trunk was about to be examined, but the key was lost, or mislaid, causing some delay, when the lady remarked that she was really very much ashamed of one article in her trunk and keenly felt the odium that would at tach to her for being publicly exposed with it in her possession. It was a copy of the Louisville Journal.

ANOTHER EMBARGO.-The people of Louisville are being hemmed in on all sides, and will soon be cut off from all the balance of the world. Yesterday Sam Gill, the superintendent of the Lexington railroad, refused to deliver four casks of bacon to C. Q Armstrong, the consignee

WOUNDED AT CHARLOTTESVILLE, VIR GINIA -The Richmond Dispatch has the mames of two hundred and twenty-three wounded soldiers of the Confederate army in the hospital at Charlottesville.

W. D. GALLAGHER, Esq., the Lin coln Collector of the port of N. Orleans, has not yet departed for the seat of his official labors.

Election Returns.

SPENCER COUNTY—OFFICIAL.—For State Tressurer—Jemes H. Garrard, Union, 361; Gobrias Terry, Southern Rights, 62. For State Senate—Wm. B. Read, Union, 446; Chas. H. Allen, Southern Rights, 217. For Representative — Robert Cochran, Union, 455; Wm. V. Slone, Southern Rights, 372.

ADAIR COUNTY-OFFICIAL.-For State Treasurer-James H. Garrard, Union, 919 Gebrias Terry, Scuthern Rights, 8. For Representative — F. D. Rigney, Union, 1,034; no opposition.

LEWIS COUNTY-OFFICIAL.-For State Treasurer — James H. Garrard, Union, 1000 majority. For State Senate—Martiu P. Marshall, Union, 1,169; W. T. Castro, Southern Rights, 210. For Representative—Geo. M. Thomas, Union, 1,177; L. B. Rugless, Southern Rights, 241.

BOYLE COUNTY — OFFICIAL.—For State Treasurer—Jamas H. Garrard, Union, 735; no opposition. For State Senate—C. T. Worthington, Union, 743; A. I. McAfee, Southern Rights, 257. For Representative -W. C. Anderson, Union, 759; no opposi-LYON COUNTY - OFFICIAL - For State

Treesure—James H. Garrard, Union, 197.
For Representative—G. G. Rappold, Union, 234; G. R. Merritt, Southern Rights, 410. Jackson County-Official. For State Treasurer-James H. Garrard, Union, 486. For State Senate-Walter Chiles, 486. For Representative—Albert A. Curtis, Union, 473; James Motherly, Southern Rights, 3. POWELL COUNTY-OFFICIAL.—For State Treasurer—James H. Garrard, Union, 250;

Gobrias Terry, Southern Rights, 11. For State Senate—Walter Chiles, Union, 270. For Representative—Thos. Turner, Union, 263: W. S. Richarts, Southern Rights, 112. WAYNE COUNTY-OFFICIAL.-For State Treasurer—James H. Garrard, Union, 582. For State Senate—M. P. Buster, Union, 576. For Representative—J. S. Vanwinkle, Union, 705.

CASEY COUNTY-OFFICIAL -For State Treasurer—James H. Garrard, Union, 1,029,
For State Senate—Samuel Lusk, Union,
668; Jesse Emery, Union, 401. For Representative—James McLisenby, Union, 629;
John C. Boling, Union, 899.

PULASKI COUNTY-OFFICIAL.-For State Treasurer—James H. Garrard, Union, 1,807; Gobrias Terry, Southern Rights, 2. Fer State Senate—Berry Smith, Union, (old district) 1,559; Milton Buster, Union, Convention of the Convention of th (new district) 1,760. For Representative-Thes. Z. Morrow, Union, 1,835.

Kenton County—Official.—For Treasurer—J. H. Garrard, 2,573. Senate—J. F. Fisk, Union, 2,570; Z. Cushing, Southern Rights, 454. Representative—J. W. Finnell, Union, 2,600; G. C. Smith, Union, 2,552; J. S. Stevenson, Southern Rights, 429. Boone County—Official.—For Treasurer—Garrard, 714. Representative—Terrill, Southern Rights, 918; Calvert, Union,

SHELBY COUNTY—OFFICIAL.—For State Treasurer—Jas. H. Garrard, Union, 1,174; Gobrias Terry, Southern Rights, 26; J. R. Barrick, Southern Rights, 120. For State Senate—W. C. Whitsker, Union, 1,161; David P. Stout, Southern Rights, 704. For Representative—John B. Cochran, Union, 1,214; Jos. P. Forec, Southern Rights, 738. TAYLOR COUNTY-OFFICIAL.—For State
Treasurer—James H. Garrard, Union, 721;
Gobrias Terry, Southern Rights, 7. For
State Senate—Ben. Spalding, Union, 719.
For Representative—Jo. H. Chandler,

JESSAMINE COUNTY - OFFICIAL -FOI JESSAMINE COUNTY — OFFICIAL — For State Treasurer—Jas. H. Garrard, Union, 656; Gobrias Terry, Southern Rights, 102; J. R. Barrick, 9. For State Senate—Chas. S. Worthington, Union, 670; Alen L. Mc-Afee, Southern Rights, 410. For Repre-sentative—Geo. S. Shanklin, Union, 713; Jacob S. Megee, Southern Rights, 414.

FLOYD COUNTY—For State Treasurer— Jas. H. Garrard 234. For Senate—John M. Burns, Southern Rights, 658; Thomas S. Brown, Union, 223. For Representative— Jno. M. Elliott, Southern Rights, 671; Jos. Mahan, Union, 219. Johnson county gives Mahan 231 majority.

Bord County—Official.—For State
Treasurer—James H. Garrard, Union, 833;
Gobrias Terry, Southern Rights, 6. For
State Senate—Wm. C. Grier, Union, 824;
H. Means, Union, 2. For Representative—
Daniel W. Johns, Union, 838; no opposition.

MASON COUNTY—OFFICIAL.—For State
Treasurer—James H. Garrard, Union, 1,641.
Gobrias Terry, Southern Rights, 191. For
State Senate—Martin P. Marshall, Union,
1,692; Wm. T. Casto, Southern Rights, 589.
For Representatives—Harrison Taylor,
Union, 1,719; Dr. M. Smith, Union, 1,680;
Benjamin O. Pickett, Southern Rights, 656.
NOUNTY—OFFICIAL.—For State

Nicholas County—Official.—For State
Treasurer—James H. Garrard, Union, 814;
no opposition. For Representative—J. W.
Campbell, Union, 1,022; Benj. F. Edwards,
Southern Rights, 886. CALDWELL COUNTY - OFFICIAL - FO

CALDWELL COUNTY — OFFICIAL — For State Treasurer—James H. Garrard, Union, 510; Gobrias Terry, Southern Rights, 259; J. R. Barrick, Disunion, 226. For State Senate—D. W. McGoodwin, Union, 603; G. W. Barbour, Southern Rights, 665. For Representative—R. B. Ratliff, Union, 632; W. H. Edmunds, Southern Rights, 677. PIKE COUNTY-May, Southern Rights, 230 majority.

LETCHER-Not heard from.

(GEO. T. CRUMP H. B. CLIFFORD. (Late Bowen & Co.) CLIFFORD & CO.,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

226 West Main Street, LOUISVILLE, KY. FAGLE YARNS—100 bags Eagle Yarns, assorted numbers, in store and for sale by NOCK. WICKS & CO Awer Intelligence.

LOUISVILLE.

TYPESDAY MORNINGATGUST 13 BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY For Particulars see Steamboat Advertisements EUPERIOR, Ditman, Cincinnati,

ARRIVALS, August 13 Major Anderson, Cin; Commercial, Henderson Hetty Gilmore, Evarsy; Belle Creole, Pitts; DEPARTURES.

Major Anderson, Cin: Trio, Kyr: Commercial, Henderson: Hetty Gillmore, Evansv

THE RIVER was still swelling pretty fast yesterda, with five feet two or three inches water in the canal, a rise of six inches water in the canal, a rise of six inches in the previous twenty-four hours. The weather has continued cloudy and lowering, with two or three heavy show-ers of rain, which are likely to make more water in the river.

We have no reports of the upper part of

We have no reports of the upper part of the river yesterday, but expect it was fall-ing. The Belle Creole is reported to have left Cincinnati on her way to St. Louis. We are indebted to the officers of the Hetty Gilmore and Commercial, from Evansville and Henderson, for manifests. They report the river rising all the way down and met the gun bost lying ta above. down, and met the gun boats lying to above the bar at Scuffletown. There were six feet water on the bar and rising.

The Diligent, Capt. Cobb, is the regular accommodation packet to-day for Leavenworth, Troy, and all intermediate landings. She starts at 3 o'clock, from Portland.

Portland.

The Mississippi at St. Louis was falling steadily on Saturday, and nothing doing, not even with the Lincoln war fleet.

The river at Memphis was also slowly falling, but business in that quarter continues active and unrestricted, with the river and trade free. river and trade free.

The New Orleans Delta of Friday last has the following items:

has the following items:

The weather yesterday was het in the forenoon and wet in the afternoon

But two boats went off yesterday—the Laurel Hill and Vicksburg, with fair trips.

The Alonzo Child, Mary E. Keene, and Louville were receiving very large cargoes of sugar yesterday, and we understand that quite a
quantity more is to be shipped into the interior of the Southern States.

RECEIPTS BY THE RIVER.

Emiracing only the Leading Articles Import. CINCINNATI -- Per Major Anderson -- 50 bags coffee, Smith -150 boxes tin, Bridgeford -- 5 casks bacon, Matrin & Co -- 20 casks bacon, 461 bbls whisky, 43 hhds tobacco, 17 boxes bacon, 40 packages butter, 35 bags malt, 20 boxes starch, 87 packages sundries, consignees -starch, 87 packages sundries, consignees—
HENDERSON—Per steamer Commercial—
71 bbls apples, 3 boxes tobacco, mailboat—14
packages merchandise, Duckwall—217 bags of
wheat, Brandeis & Crawford—350 water melons
Abner Cooper—15 bbls whisky. A Craig—78
bags wheat, Hoyle & Co—43 packages merchandise,consignees—25 hhds tobacco, Spratt, Bourn
& co—33 hhds tobacco, Glover & Co—20 do do,
Warren—118 water melons, 4 bbls apples, &c,
EVANSVILLE—Per steamer Hetty Gilmore Warren—118 water melons, 4 bbls apples, &c, EVANSVILLE—Per steamer Hetty Gilmore—15 inds tobacco, Spratt, Bourn & Co—2 inds tobacco, Glover & Co—4 inds tobacco, F. S. J. Ronald—22 inds tobacco, Buckles—40 bbls apples, mailboat—3 bags feathers, Uarbison—23 bbls flour, Smith—15 bags rags do, 1 bax feathers, do, 3 boxes rags, Dupont & Co—5 bags do, James—6 bags do, Gardner & Co—36 bags of wheat, 20 bbls apples, consignees—

OBITUARY.

Died. at Manassas, on the 25th July, of wounds ectived in the battle of the 2-st, w. M. H. QUARRIER-second son of W. B. Quarrier, of Wheeling, Va. rec. ived in the battle of the 2 st, *M. H. QUARRER — accord son of W. B. Quarrier, of Wheeleg, Va., ag. d B.

In the advance column of the 27th Vir.iola Regiment, led by the gallant Jackson in the charge of Sheman Battery, he received a builet through the lungs and was carried from the field to die far from home and kindred.

Willie was a student in the law office of Russell & Fatzbugh, of Wheeling, a young man of rare abilities, giving promise of future usefulness, surrounded by a loving family and a 1 the conforts of home ard triends—he gave upail at the call of his native State to drive from her soil the invades and subjustors of a free people, and yieloed his young life's blood in the coble c use of Southern freedom. Our tears flow in sympathy with his parents and numerous dear relatives and friends in this overwhelming blow, and ever sorrow at his viclent death at the hands of a fanatical a d tyranous government, but the memory of his many virtues and his bravery shall ever live green and fragrant in our heart of hearts.

W. A. Q. was a grandson of Col Quarrier, an officer of the revolution, long a resident of Richmond, Va.

—Richmond and Wheeling papers please copy.

Steamboats.

INTED STATES MAIL LINE FOR HEN DERSON.

[IN PLACE OF STAR GREY EAGLE.]

The splendld new U. S. Mail steamer LINDEN, Capt. Andrews, will leave as above on Wednesday, 14th lind., at 5 o'clock P. M, positively from Portland wharf. wharf.
For freight or passage, having superior accommo-ations apply on board or to
T. M. ERWIN. Agent,
all

The light-draught passenger packet

LINDEN, Abdress master,

Willieuve as above on Wednesday,

14th first., at 5 o'clock P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

MOORHEAD & CO., Agents.

REGULAR PACKET - FOR MADISON CARROLLTON AND KENTUCKY RIVER The freight and passenger steamer TRIO, Capt. Juo. A. Dickinson, Will leave Lo isville every Monday and Wednesday, at 10 clock P. M. for Mad'so and Carrollton, and every Friday, at 10 clock P. M for Madison. Carr liton. Cedar Lock, Kentu ky River, and intermediate landings. Prompt and strict attention paid to the interests f the trade.

PEOPLE'S PACKET. REGULAR U. S MAIL PACKET FOR OWENSBORO AND EVANSVILLE. Every Wednesday and Saturday.

The splendid passenger steamer MASONIC GEM. Caff. cy master, will leave Louisville for above and all way landings on every Wednesday and Saturday at 4 o'ck, P. M. from Portland wharf.

For freight or passage apply on board or to B. J. CAFFREY & SON, Agents, 137 wallstreet, aule dtf Or DOERN & HUGHES, Ag nts.

REGULAR SATURDAY PACKET FROM MEMPHIS TO NEW ORLEANS. The freight and passenger steamer LOUISVILLE, Joe Combs, master. Will leave as above at 10 clock jy5 dtf

THE splendid passen.

THE splendid passen.

GRAPH No. 8 will leave for

CINCINNAT! EVERY MORNING

At 12 o'clock, which insures the making of the solclock morning connections by Railroad from Cincinnati to the North and East.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

JOE CAMPION, Agent.

25 Office Mail Line Wharf-boat, foet Thirdstreet

tand dif

THE unrivaled steamers CHARLEY
MILLER and PINK VARELE NG. 3.
In therough running order, are now
ready for the season to do all kinds of towing to
any point above or below the Falls, at the most
reasonable rates. Being in charge of experienced
beatmen, they will be able to impart satisfaction
to all who may wish to engage their services.
All orders left at the elothing store of Ben.
Durrett, corner of Fourth and Water streets, will
meet with prompt attention.

PINK VARBLE, Captain,
P S All towing done at the rigk of owners *20 dt/

Louisville and Nashville **伊宙旅往** 二十二分

Railroad. CHANGE OF TIME.

ON and after Sunday, July 21, 1861, trains will leave Louisville as follows: The Mail Train stops at a letations on the Main Stem porth of Bowling Green, and at all stations on the Memphis Branch, connecting at State Line with the Nashville and Kentucky Railroad, arriving at Nashville the same evening. Also, connecting with the Memphis Clarksville & Louisville Railroad for Clarksville, Humboldt, Memphis and New Orleans. Orleans.
The 5:00 P. M. Train will not connect at Lebanon iy25 dtf JOHN B. ANDERSON, Sup't.

BUNTING! BUNTING

FOR FLAGS.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE of the different colors just received and for sale love by MALL, Carpet and Furnishing Warerouse, au) Hain st., between Third and Forth,

Batest by Telegraph.

NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Last Night's Dispatches.

Work Resumed on the Capitol. Fixing Up the White House.

The Blockade Question.

A Submarine War Telegraph.

BEAUREGARD'S REPORT

PREEDOM OF THE PRESS.

A NEWSPAPER MOBBED.

Lord Lyon Appointed Governor-General of India.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

Action in Relation to American Affairs.

From Washington.

[Special to the N. Y. Com. Adv.]

Washington, Aug. 12.—There is high authority for denying the statement that Prince Napoleon had an interview with the President on his return from Manassas. The Washington Journals continue to publish full details of the movements of

The President has directed the work on The Freston thas affected the work on the capitol extension to be resumed im-mediately. The White House is being painted and renovated this week. Letters from Richmond state that Beau-regard's official returns of the killed and ounded is 1,470.

The Government has sent orders to Cincinnati directing that Lieut. Col. Tyler, of the Rebel army, who was arrested in that city a few days since, shall be sent to New York for detention at Fort LaFayette.

The War Dep't bas been busy since the adjou nment of Congress, preparing for the regulation of the laws recently enacted for the regulation of the army. Nearly all the commissions for the officers of the all the commissions for the officers of the army provided for by the late increase have been made out. The labor has been great. The alleged semi official announcement in the Richmond papers that Admiral Dundas intends to take his fleet into Charleston, regardless of President Lincoin's blockade is of no practical significance even if ade, is of no practical significance, even if the statement is true, for the war vessels of any nation with which we are at peace has a right to enter our ports, notwith-standing the blockade, which is intended to operate against the commerce of the dislovalists.

A large number of the most distin-guished army officers of Europe, particu-larly in England and France, have tendered their services to the United States, but it is not known that any of them will be ac-

From New York. New York: Aug. 12.—The U. S. prize schooner Falcon, from Galveston, with merchandise, arrived this morning. She was captured off Galveston by the U. S.

was captured off Galveston by the U. S. steamer South Carolina.

Jewitt Cowden, a rescal with a large number of aliases, was arrested on Friday night near the Hoboken Ferry, charged with forging to the extent of \$20,000 on the Banks of Chicago, St. Louis, Pattsburg, Columbus and Detroit. He was sent to St. Louis on Saturday last. uis on Saturday last. Mr. J. Lathrop Motley, the eminent his torian, has been nominated for the mission

to Austria.

A letter from Fortress Monroe to a gen-A letter from Fortress Monroe to a gentleman in this city relates the following: "We have made an important discovery, and hope this will bring about a change. A few days ago a party of my company went out bathing at Mill Creek, near Fortress Monroe, and there discovered to their great surprise an electric telegraph wire, and on isspection found it to connect the fort with Fox Hill, where, it is said, the enemy is intrenched in strong numbers."

In the case of the Baltimore Police Com-

In the case of the Baltimore Police Commissioners, a writ of attachment was issued to-day against Col. Burke, for his appearance to show cause why he should not be held for contempt of court, in refusing to deliver the prisoners upon a habers corpus. Report says that at the bank meeting to-day, a most cordial feeling was manifested towards the Government, and the proposition made that New York, Philadelphia, and Boston should subscribe for the whole loan of \$46,000,000, and have optional preference for an award of like amount in October, the Secretary of the Treasury being recommended to withhold the issue of small notes for the present. nissioners, a writ of attachment was issued

Arrival of the Nova Scotian. FURTHER POINT, Aug. 12—The Nova Scotian from Liverpool, Thursday, the 1st, via Londendary 2d, passed here this afternoon. She has £140,000, in specie.

Great Britain.—The American horse Starke, won the Goodword cup. Wizard ran second, and Optimns (American) third.

The Times, in a city article, asserts that it will be dangerous for England to have any thing to do with the American loan. Lord Lyons has been appointed Gover-nor General of India. Weather fine for harvest.

nor General of India. Weather fine for harvest.

London.—Gold continued to flow into the Banks in large sums. The bank rates have been reduced to 5 per cest.

The Paris correspondent of the London Post says the British Government is now in intimate correspondence with the French Cabinet, in order that united action may be observed towards America by sea and land, as a real corflict is now expected. A perfect understanding is likely to be arrived at.

Rumors of a probable compromise in America are again gaining strength in Eng-

America are again gaining strength in Eng-Some of the London journals were spec-Some of the London journals were speculating on the fate of the American loan in London. The Herald's city article strongly discountenances negotiating at such times, and editorially expresses satisfaction that captiousness and irritability towards England have been abandoned.

France—Paris bourse was firm; 3 per cent. rentes 67f. 85c.

Secession Paper Mobbed.

Bangor, Me., Aug. 12.—At 1 o'clock this afternoon the Democrat, a Secession sheet, was cleaned out by a large number of people. During an alarm of fire a crowd entered the office, cleaned it of everything it contained, and turned the contents into the street. Mr. Emory, the editor of the paper, escaped unharmed. A man named Jones, who made some demonstrations in opposition to the acts of the mob, was bacly used, but was finally rescued and put in jail.

ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT.



DIRECT FROM THE PRAIRIE, HAS JUST been received by Express.
au7 dtf U. C. RUFER, Proprietor.

LADD, WEBSTER & CO.'S SEWING MACHINES. TIMEY are remarkably strong and simple in their construction; make the Lock Stitch upon both sides alike, which cannot be raveled, use a straight needle, and will sew with linen thread.

The flexibility of tension is such that they will sew over the heaviest seams in negro jeans without difficulty; also sews the finest barege or lawn without drawing it.

All Machines warranted.

P. L. FOSKETT, No. 5 Mesonic Temple. out drawing it.

All Machines warranted.
P. L. FOSKETT, No. 5 Mazonic Temple.
m14 deod&weowtf Fourth st., Louisville, K7.

Commercial.

OFFICE LOUISVILLE COURIER, ! Monday, Aug. 11. In commercial circles we have nothing of importance to reprort. Business continues to move along in the same channel which has characterized the market for which has characterized the market for some months past, its chief characteistic being dullness in every branch of trade. Wheat is arriving very freely, including large amounts which are purchased in the country by agents for the different firms of the city. What arrives here for sale meets with a ready market at 60@70e for prime red and white, while some small lots of choice white have been sold as high as 75c, but nothing over that price has yet been paid. There is nothing doing in the money market.

FLOUR AND GRAIN—Sales of 500 bbls our at \$3 50@4 25. Wheat arrives more freely, with sales of 5,000 bushels at 60@ 70c; 200 bushels of corn at 35c. WHISKY—Sales 300 bbls at 16½c, CHEESE—Sales of 40 boxes at 6½@7c. BUTTER—Sales 1,200 pounds at 12% c. Sheeting—Sales of 30 bales at 9% (200 POTATORS—Sales of 60 bbls at 75c (251. GROCERIES—Sales of 75 hhds sugar at 834@9c; 20 bbls molasses at 32c; 180 sacks coffee at 16/4@16c.

Daily Review Louisville Market.

TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

NEW YORK, August 12—P. M.
Cotton—market still continues upward with a good demand; sales of 220 bales at 18@183.4 for middling uplands.
Flour—the demand for export and home consumption is moderate and market a shade firmer; sales 14,200 bbls at \$4.25 to \$4.35 for superfine State, and \$4.5004 60 for extra do, \$4.25 @4.35 for superfine western and \$4.4564 70 for common to medium extra western.
Whisky—market continues dull—sales of 150 bbls at 16% a174.
Grain—Wheat supply quite limited, with a fair export demandthe prices still tend upward rales of 300 bushels new amber Kentucky \$1.20 and 12.000 bushels white western at \$1.25a1.26
Provisions—Pork there is only a very moderate basiness doing and market is lower—sales of 600 bbls at \$12.25 for mess and \$10.25 for prime. NEW YORK, August 12-P. M.

for prime.

ALard in better demand but prices rather each lard in better demand but prices rather each large seir; sales 600 bbla at 8@9½. Sugar—raw market is very firm at a slight improvement prices—sales 1,075 hhds Cuba at 5¼. Molas quiet—only small sales have been made at 1 vious prices.

CINCINNATI, August 12-P. M. CINCINNATI, August 12—P. M.
Flour dull and no demand worthy of note—good superfine continues to be inquired for at \$3 50 but it is held a shade higher. Extra re mains at \$3 70@3 75, and family at \$4. Wheat in active demand at very full prices; sales 12,000 bushels at 72@75¢ for red, and \$3@55¢ for white. Corn declined to 28, and is offered more freely. Whitsky declined to 14½. Nothing has transpired in provisions; market very quiet.—Linseed oil 52@53. Sugar firm but demand is moderate at 7½@8½. Coffee quiet but steady; 1,000 bbis moiasses bought by a city dealer on speculation on Saturday, induced holders to put up prices to 35@36, and 200 bbis sold at 34 @34½. Market now unsettled and buyers are holding off.

New York Stock Market,

NEW YORK, August 12-P. M. Stocks dull and lower: NEW YORK, August 12-P. M. Second Board-Stocks dull but firmer gene dlly—
level. & Toledo 30¼ - Galen & Chicago 66½
I. Central Scrip 64½ - Mich. Central 68 80
alifornia 78... 76½ - N. Carolina 6'8.. 67
acific Mall Co. 76 - Michig Southern 14
, B. & Quincy, 57 - Virginia Sixes. 53½
encessec 68... 45½ - Treasury 68, 2 y.101
, S. 58 '74; coup 80½ - U. S. 68 '68, coup. 90

Money Market.

New York, August 12-M. Money is in large supply at 4@4½ per cent. Sterling Exchange is dull and heavy at 106%. 107 for banker's bills. CINCINNATI, August 12 - P. M. No change in money matters. Exchange

New York Bank Statement. NEW YORK, August 12-P. M.

The weekly bank statement shows the fol

Foreign Commercial.

Per steamer Nova Scociar LIVERPOOL, August 1. Liverpool, August 1.

Breadstuffs—Wakefield, Nash & Co. report
four quiet and steady at 24@28. Wheat inactive—red 9s 64@11s 6d, white 10a13 6d. Corn
farm—yello v 28 6dx29 6d, white 31 6d a 32 6d.
Provisions—Dull. Richardson, Spence &co.
and Bigland Athya report beef firm with fair
temand at at 1a6t quotations. Pork downward
tendency with a slight decline. Bacon is very
full—36a29. Lard heavy and slightly declined
18a49.

48a49.
Sugar steady; coffee inactive.
Cotton—saies 3 days 23,000 bales; market firm
but unchanged with a fair demand for prime
qualities at full previous rates. Sales to speculators and exporters amounted to 60,000 bales. LONDON MARKETS.

London, August 1.

Breadgtuffs—Steady with a slight improvement. American wheat advanced 1.

Sugar steady. Coffee has advancing tendency. Tea flat. Rice firm.

W. H. C. DRYDEN, Commission Merchant FEED AND PRODUCE DEALERS,

No. 33 Third street, bet. Main and the River,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

137 Personal attention given to the sale of Hay
Grain, Dried Fruit. Butter, Eggs. Apples. Potatoes,
Flour, Bacon, Lard. &c.

137 Orders for Groceries, Liquors, and Manufactured Articles, selicited and filled on the most fa
vorable terms. vorable terms.

COAL: COAL:

DRAYO & SON dealers in COAL. Third street, below Maina and Market, have on hand a good supply of Pitsburg and Youghlogheny Coal, which they are prepared to furnish in large quantities or by he load, to meet the wishes of purchasers. They my ite particular attention to their superior Goal.—Orders promptly attended to.

DRAYO & SON, Third street.

and dtf between Main and Marke streets

Company, OF LOUISVILLE At a meeting of the Stockholder held this day to elect a Presiden and twelve Directors to serve the present year, the following gentle men were duly elected:

JAMES TRABUE, President,

Office of the Franklin Insurance

JAMES TRABUE, President.

DIRECTORS.

William Garvin.
William Gay.
William Gay.
William Gay.
William Gay.
William Gay.
William Hushes,
James B. Lithgow,
John W. Anderson
Warren Newcomb,
ABRAHAM HITE, Secretary,
ABRAHAM HITE, Secretary,
Marchants and Stock Traders is particularly invited to this cld-established and successful Insurance Company, which continues to do a GENERAL FIRE AND MARINE IN SURANCE BUSINESS on the most liberal terms.

3 W Office corner of Main and Bullitt streets, over Commercial Bank.
ABRAHAM HITE, Sec'y JOHN PLECK,

Lard Oil and Mould Candle Manufacturer, No 7 Jefferson st, North side bet.
Clay and Shelby
And Third street, between Main and the River
LOUISVILLE, KY NOU INVILLE; KY

THOU INVILLE; KY

Thought the convenience of my customers and the
public in the middle and lower part of the city
I have, besides my factory on Jefferson street, open
ed a store on Third atreet, between Main and the
river, where I hope to meet with a large patronage
installife WARD & CARY.

LIQUOR MERCHANTS, Main street, bet. Fifth and Sixth. HAVE IN STORE AND FOR SALE AT PRICES

WHOLESALE

PROCLAMATION. A LL persons residing within the city limit A owning or having dors in their possession, an hereby notified to comine them within their premses until the 1st of September, 1861, under the penalty of \$20 fer refusing or neglecting to comply with above requisition. The proper suthorities an also required to destroy all dogs running at larg during the above priod.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, July 18, 1861.

Auction Sales.

BY C. C. SPENCER. MACKEREL IN WHOLE, 1/2, 1/4 BBLS AND KITS, NEW YORK GOLDEN SYRUP, MOLASSES, VARIOUS QUALITIES; GERMAN, CASTILE, AND FANCY S) AP, BLACKING, AND A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF GLASSWARE,

AT AUCTION:

THIS MORNING (Tuesday), August 13th, at 10 o'clock, at Auction-rooms, No. 520 Main street, will be sold the above Groceries, to which the acenion of dealers is caked.

C. C. SPENCER, aul3 di

BY S. G. HENRY & CO. Auction Rooms opposite Louisville Hotel.

SPECIAL CASH SALE On Tuesday Morning, August 13th, COMMENCING AT 9 O'CLOCK,

Of an entire fresh Stock of MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTH'S CALF AND KIP BOOTS; LINEO AND UNLINED HALF-WELT AND P. S. BROGANS; LADIES' AND MISSES' CALF AND GOAT HEELED BOOTS CHIL DREN'S HEAVY AND FANCY BOOTS AND SHOES; GENTS SEWED AND PEGGED CON-GRESS BOOTS.
Also an Invoice of Ladies' and Misses' Black Congress and Lace

Boot , extra quality, selected expressly for City Retail Sales. The Amsjority of the above stock has been received since our last Tuesday's Sale, and is well worth the attention of city and country buyers, as it is sel lom-uch goods are sold at Auction.

The Recollect the sale will commence at 9 o'clock.
S. G. HENRY & CO.

8. G. HENRY & CO.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

Auction-Rooms opposite Louisville Hotel, A large and desirable stock of ELL-SELECTED FIRST-CLASS STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GGODS, COTTON HOSIERY, NOTIONS AND TRIMMINGS. (The entirg Stock of a large Retailer,)

AT AUCTION! ON TUESDAY MORNING next. August 13th, commencing at half-part 10 o'clock, and will be continued dring the day.

18 This stock is composed principally of choice Starle Goods, well worths the attention of buyers. The assortment is a large and general one, and comprises all the varieties kept in a first class fletail Dry Goods form. Sale post ive for ca h. aul0 d3 S.G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

AUCTION NOTICE! CHANGE OF BUSINESS!

S. ROTHCHILD, On Market strest, between Second and Third No. 217, South side, No. 217, South side,

WOULD announce to the citizens of Louisville
and vicinity, that he has opened a large AUCTION AND COMMISSION BUSINESS, where he
vill have always on hand a large lot of DOMESTIO
GOODS, BOOTS AND SHOES, and READY-MADE
CLOTHING, at auction prices.
Auction Sales every day from 9 until 12 o'clock
and in the evening from 7 until 16 o'clock.
Out-door Sales promptly attended to.
Cash advanced on consignments.
N. B.—All persons indebted to me will please
come forward and settle, or the accounts will be
put in the hands of an officer for coffection.
ne28 dtf.

HARDEE'S TACTICS, THE ONLY COMPLETE SOUTHERN EDITION

CONTAINING over 50 pages additional matter; Colt's Revolver Manuel, Manuel adopted for Kentucky State Guard. &c. Fully illustrated with 63 plates, all the Music. &c. Two volumes, musilp, 82; per mail, \$2 25; per dozen, \$18; per hundred, \$125, my28 dtf Southeastcorner Third and Market.

MALT AND HOPS CASH PAID FOR BARLEY KENTUCKÝ MALT HOUSE, SOUTH SIDE MARKET STREET,

Between Sixth and Seventh.
ansi difawst JOHN ENGELN & CO. E. SINCERE,

Louisville Optical Institute, Main street, under National Hotel, Louisville, Ky. Main street, under National Hotel, Louisville, Ay. IMPROVED SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES I of every description, in zold, sliver and steel, correctly fitted to the Eye; Microscopes, Telescopes, Opera Classes, Mathematical and Physical Instruments, Electric Machines, Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views in a great variety.

Artificial Huyan Eyes inserted, and New Glasses set Into old frames.

ABNER COOPER, COMMISSION MERCHANT, Butter, Cheese and Produce, 145 FOURTH STREET, BET. MAIN AND RIVER 128 LOUISVILLE. KY.

Spring Wagons! Spring Wagons! COOLING & BLUNDEN. MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND Have for sale several sizes of CHAMBERLAIN & CO, S Cell obrated SPRING WAGONS which they will sell tow for madt.

CRYSTAL PALACE, LUPE & EVANS, Proprietors, CORNER OF JEFFERSON AND FIFTH STREETS,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
In addition to their regular Saloon
Bill business, LUPE & EYANS respect
Full fully inform their patrons that they
are sole arents for the sale of Rhodes and
Verner's and Wood's celebrated Pittsburg X, XX,
XXX, and India Ale. They keep a full stock on
hand, and are slways prepared to supply Merchania,
Hotels and Families by the barrel or bottle. This
Ale is not surpassed by any in the country, and they
conndently recommend it.

If Fine old Wines and Liquors. de is not surpassed onfidently recommend it. 137 Fine old Wines and Liquors.

mv19 dtf COAL OIL AND LAMPS! DEODORIZED COAL OIL, transparent in color in burning. Also an assortment of COAL OIL LAMPS with the Jones Merrill, and Improved Excelsion Burners. CHANDFLIERS and STANDS for Churches. For sale very low, wholesale er retail.

W. H. SETTLE, No. 219 Fo. 1th street, difference of the street.

Jewelry Store -- Fine Watches. UNDER the National Hotel. The undersigned invites the attention of his friends and the public to his choice assortment of lowing, all of which are offered on accommodating terms: Fashionable jewelry: Coral, Cameo, Pearl, Diamond, Jet, Miniature, &c.; Chains, Lockets, Rings, &c.; English, Swiss, and American Gold and Silver Watches, fine Spectacles, Optic Glasses, Scrveyors' Compasses, Wacchtakers' Materials; Marufacturer of Silverware; repairing in every department.

TIGENE MICHOT.

DRY GOODS! 10 CASES FANCY PRINTS;
do Blenched Cotton;
5 do Camlet Jeans;
1 do Chambray Gingham;
Received and for sale chans by
1513 T. & R. SLEVIN & CAIN.

Guthrie Insurance and Trust Co. Chartered Gapital. \$500,000 Paid in and secured. 100,006 This Company is now organized and ready to engage in a general FIRE and MARINE INSURANCE business, on liberal terms.

Bank, corner of Main and Bullitt streets, Louis ville, Ey.

wille, Ey.

ANDREW GRAHAM, President.

J.A. PETTON, Secretary

DIRECTORS.

W. A. Duckwali.
Dennis Lons.
J. P. Marsball.
Kearsley Carter.
Jacob F. Weller.
Alex. Grais.

my7 dtf

ADMINISTRATION, Secretary
John H. Hutchison.
John H. Hutchison.
John H. Smyser.
Wm. Musselman.
B. C. Levi.
Bon. F. Avery. WILLIAM KAYE,

DELL and Brass Founder, Water street, between A First and Second, Louisville, Ky., is prepared to make Belis for Churches, Steamboats, Taverns, &c., of all sizes and of superior tone, of which he keeps an assortment on hand.

Also, Hose and Salt Screws, Oil Globes, Cylindes Guage, and Stop Cocks, of every size, Copper Rivets, Spelter Solder and Brass Castings of every description CASH paid for old Copper and Brass.

COFTON, CAULKING,
BATTING FACTORY Corner Rowan and Thirteenth Streets.

LOUISVILLE, RY.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his patron
and the public that he has enlarged his establishment for the manufacturing of the above articles,
and have them always on hand.

N. B.—City orders delivered free of charge,
leddy Miscellancous.

NOTICE. To So many editions of my "INFANTRY AND RIFLE TACTICS" having lately been published, think it due to both the Public and Publishers t

That the COPYRIGHT EDITION of my INFAN That the COFFRIGHT ENTITION of my INFAN-TRY and RIFLE TACTICS, published by S. H. GOETZEL & CO. Is the only COMPLETE, COR-RECT and REVISED Edition, and this Edition only contains the improvements and charges which I have recently made, adapting the manual to the use of the arms generally in the hands of the troops in the Confederate States. W. J. SARDER,

Co'onel Confe ferate States Army FORT MORGAN, June 18th, 18-1.

JUST OUT!

THE IMPROVED EDITION

HARDEE'S

INFANTRY AND RIFLE

TACTICS.

Published and for Sale

S. H. GOETZEL & CO.

ct that our edition of COL, HARDEE'S TACTICS

is the only one that has recently been revised by the celebrated author and the only one secured by copyright in the Confederacy. The work is published— In 2 vols., bound, 24mo., with plates, at..... " pamphlet, 8vo., at.....

The price is always understood for the whole set of the two volumes, on receipt f which we will mail them and prepay the postage to all parts of the Confederacy. Book-sellers and Military Com-panies, who order largely, will receive a liberal Those Booksellers and Publishers, who are selling SPURIOUS EDITIONS of COL. HARDEE'S TACTICS, will have to suffer the penalties of the

ments and changes which Col. Hardee but recently dopted, and which can only be found in that edition, which we now bring before the public. S. H. GOETZEL & CO.,

and that not one of them contains those improve

BOOKSELLERS AND PUBLISHERS, Im MOBILE, ALABAMA. THE GOOD TIME HAS COME GREAT REDUCTION In Prices! A GROVER & BAKER NOISELESS FAMILY SEWING MACHINE! LEGAL AND GENUINE FOR 40 DOLLARS

I T is now within the reach of all, and will delight A thousands of families throughout the land. The only Company that manufactures the two va-ricties of Machines. Double-Lock and Shuttle Stitch. As the Patent under which these celebrated Machines are made, have now, after long contest, been fully sustained by the Courts and Patent Office, and as the Company asticipate, in time to come, an exemption from the heavy expenses of litigation, they propose to give the public the benefit of this immunity, and have accordingly reduced the prices of their Machines, from Ten to Fifteen Dollars on each Machine. Call and see them.

GROVER & BAKER have recently introduced a new Shuttle Machine for Tailors' use, which is acknowledged to be superior to any of its kind in the market. Price, Fifty Bollars.

C. T. BARBER, Agent,

No. 302 Fourth st., bet, Market and Jetterson,



NEW SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE WARRENTED THE BEST IN THE MARKET ELIAS Howe, Jr., and S. H. Roper's Combined Patents.

Straight Line Movements, Original Transver Shuttle, and Periphery Clamp Feed Wheel. Stuttle, and Periphery Clamp Feed Wheel.

THEEE SEWING MACHINES combine t
most recent improvements, are nearly noil
less when in operation, run with the greatest es
and rapidity, and are better adapted for gener
purposes and family use than any other. They a
not liable to get out of order, are exceedingly si
ple, and are made expressly for real practical uit
y, they do every variety of sewing, from the finwoven tissue to the heaviest woolen goods, butailoring and fine leather work. Any person in
learn to operate them in a very short time.

The great difficulty with all other old style in
chinery is too much complication, requiring
much constant adjustment, and such an amount
mechanical skill and ingenuity to use them to a
vantage as to render them of little comparati
value.

Sawing Machines, manufactured

vantage as to render them of little comparative value. But the Sewing Machines manufactured by Greenman & Trae are not liable to these objections, as any person, on even a moment's examination, will readily discover. They will do more and better work than any other machine ever offered to the public, making the most beautiful lock-stitch, alike on bott sides. Send for an off-hand specimen of sewing upon any material you wish, and you will then see how it is done.

287 AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY TOWN.
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T. JOHNSTON, Main street, Please address or call on T. JOHNSTON, Main street, my24 dtf 2 doorsabove Third, Louisville, Kr HOUSEKEEP

Who are cleaning and changing CARPETS, should not put them down again without the PAENT CARPET LINING, to be had only at WILKIN'd, west side Fourth st., between Main and Market, apidtf

COAL.

THE undersigned keep constantly on hand a choice lot of PITTSBURGH COAL, together with all other kinds kept in this market, to which they would invite the attention of buyers. Having had long experience in the business, we feel confident we can give entire satisfaction in every particular. We ask a continuance of the patronage heretofore so liberally bestowed, as well as an increase of new customers. Our office is on Market, between Sixth and Seventh streets, and on Water and Sirst atreets.

BOWSER & FULTS.

CLARK'S RESTAURANT Fourth Street, between Main and Market. GREEN SEA TURTLE.
OYSTERS. OYSTERS.

SPRING CHICKENS. LUXURIES OF THE SEASON.

FROG LEGS.

CUCUMBERS, GREEN PEAS.

CAULIFLOWER. MUSHROOMS, &c., &c. TABLE D'HOTE FROM 12 1-2 TO 4 O'CLOCK EVERY DAY AT 50 CTS, PER PERSON.

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WESTERN HOTEI (Late Vacaro House). OUTH SIDE MARKET STREET, BETWEEN FOURTH AND FIFTH.

my14 dtf

Jacob Friend & Co., Proprieters. Jacob Friend & Co., Proprietors.
WE WOULD respectfully inform the public that is since the above house has passed from the hands of Mrs. Vacaro it has been entirely refitted in elegant style, and is now open for the rece, tion o guests. Located in the central and business part of the city, it has rare advantages for the traveling public. The proprietors will spare no pains to make their sucests feel comfortable and satisfied in every respect. Their larder will always be supplied with the best the market and seasons afford, and theBar will be stocked with only the best of Wines, Liquors. Clears, &c. EF We respectfully solicit the patronage of the old patrons, and of the public in general.

MACOB FRIEND 4 CO. Railroads.

JEFFERSONVILLE RAUROAD **沙**特於國際國際國際 CHANGE OF TIME. TRAINS will leave Jeffersonville, opposite Loc-

18.41NS will leave Jeffersonville, opposite Lou
2,30 P. M., 11,00 P. M.

230 P. M. HIGHTNING EXPRESS EAST—Daily
(Sundays excepted) connecting at Seymour with
Trains on the Ohio and Misstessup i failtead for
Cheimati, Columbus, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Buttanore, and all Eastern Cities, and at
Indianapolis with Bellefontaine line for CleveIndianapolis with Bellefontaine line for CleveIndianapolis with Bellefontaine line for St. Louis,
Chicago, Rock than ', Quincey, Hannibal, St. Loseph, and all the Chery Principal cities
in the Yest and Nerthwest their principal cities
in the West and Nerthwest here principal cities
in the West and Nerthwest with trains on
the Ohio and Mississippi Rullonal for Cincinnati
and all Eastern cities; at Indianapolis with the
Bellefontaine Line for Toledo, Detroit, Cleveland
Boffalo, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and all points in the East; and with Cincinmati and Chicago air-line Terre Haute and Richmond, and Lafayete Railroads for Chicago, St.
Paul, St. Joseph, St. Louis and all points in the
West and Northwest.

CLINTON JOHNSON Agent.

CLINTON JOHNSON Agent. apl6 dtf LOUISVILLE & FRANKFORT **中省查查** LEXINGTON AND FRANKFORT RAIL ROADS.

ONAND AFTER MONDAY, April 22, 1861, Trains will leave Louisville daily (Sun-lays excepted) will leave Louisville daily (Sun-lays-excepted) as follows:
FIRST TRAIN-6.A. M., stopping at all stations when flasged, except fair Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro, and Bellview, connecting at Eminence with stages for New Castle; at Frankfort of Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg and Danville; at Midway for Versallies; at Payne's Station for Georgetom, and at Lexination, via railroad and stage, for Nicholasville, Danville Lancaster, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mount Sterling, and all interior towns. 8EGOND TRAIN—2:50 P. M., stopping at all sta-tions when flagged, excepting Fair Grounds, Point, Race Course, Ormsby's, Brownboro, Buckner's and North Benson; connecting by stage at Kinhence for Shelbyville and New Castle, and at Payne's for

for Shelbyville and New Castle, and at Payne's for Georgetown.

THIRD TRAIN—ACCOMMODATION—Leave at 5:22 P. M., stooping at all Stations, and returning, will leave Lagrange at 6:25 A. M., stooping at all Stations, and arrive at Louisville at 8:10 A. M.

Trains arrive in Leuisville at 8:00 P. M.; Lagrange Accommodation at 8:10 A. M.

Freisht Trains leave Louisville Jaily (Sundays excepted) at 5:30 A. M., arriving in Lexington at 2:30 P. M.

Freisht is received and discharged from 7:30 A. M. to 5 P. M.

137 Through tickets for Danville, Harredsburg, Crab Orchard Somerset, Versailles, Georgetown, and Shelbyville, and all further information can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of Je ersog and Brook streets.

SAM'L GILL, Superintendent.

SAM'L GILL, Superintendent. L. & F. and L. & F. R. R. Memphis, Clarksville & Louisville RAILROAD.

law, and these who are buying such editions, we beg to assure that they are all mutilated editions, THE completion of this Route opens a new di-rect all-Rail Line from Louisville to Clarks ville, Humbolat, Paducah, Hickman, Memphis, Grand Junction, Vicksburg, and New Orleans. Only One Change of Cars from Lou-isville to Memphis. Trains run from Louisville and Nashville Depot

FASTEST LINE EAST! CINCINNATI

COMMENCING APRIL 14TH, 186

LITTLE MIAMI COLUMBUS & XENIA AND Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton 1861. RAILROADS.

new Shuttle Machine for Tailors' use, which is acknowledged to be superior to any of its kind in the market. Price, Fifty Dollurs.

C. T. BARBER, Agger,

No. 302 Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson, Louisville. K7.

GREENMAN & TRUE'S

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Boston in 33% hours. Philadelphia in 27% hours. Philadelphia in 27% hours. Cleveland in 8% hours. Cleveland in 8% hours. Philadelphia in 11% hours. Philadelphia in 11% hours. Cres'line in 5 hours. Cres'line in 5 hours. Cres'line in 5 hours. Detroit in 12% hours. Through Trains leave Cincinnati as

FROM CINCINNATI TO

6:15 A. M. EXPRESS-From Cincinnati, Ham liton and Dayton Depot, connects via Toledo Detroit and Canada.
7:00 A. M. CINCINNATI EXPRESS-From Little Miami Depot, connects via Columbus, Cleveland, Dunkirk and Buffalo; via Columbus, Crestline and Pittsburg; via Columbus Steubenville and Pittsburg; and via Columbus, Bellair and Benwood.

9:25 A. M. EXPRESS MAIL—From Little Miami Depot, connects via Columbus, Bellair and Pittsburg; via Columbus, Bellair and Pittsburg; via Columbus, Crestline and Pittsburg; via Columbus, Oleveland, Dunkirk and Buffalo.

5:45 P. M. EXPRESS 5:45 P. M. EXPRESS-From Cincinnati, Ham-ilton and Dayton Depot, connects via Toledo

Detroit and Canada.

10:00 P. M. NIGHT EXPRESS—From Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Depot, connects via Columbus, Steubenville and Pittaburg: via Columbus, Crestline and Pittaburg: via Columbus, Cleve land, Dunkirk and Buffalo; via Columbus, Bellair and Benwood; and via Columbus, Bellair and Pittsburg. Modern Sieeping Cars on this Train. Passengers for Lake Steamers will take the Morning Train.

THE 5:45 P.M. EXPRESS FOR TOLEBO The Night Express runs daily, Saturdays ex-23 All other trains run daily, Sundays excepted. Trains run by Columbus Time, which is ?
Minutes faster than Cincinnati time. BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH TO ALL EASTERN CITIES. Passengers should bear in mind that the "CINCINNATI" is the OLD and PAVORITE ROUTE. Connections are made promptly, the roads are thoroughly BALLASTED, and all modern improvements adopted—insuring space, compounded Safety.

THROUGH TICKETS THROUGH TICKETS

Are solds at the PRINCIPAL RAILROAD TOXET OFFICES in the WEST and SOUTH. Ask or
Tickets via CINCINNATI.

p. W. STRADER

my6 dtf General Ticket Agent, Cincinnati. Baltimore and Ohio Railroad?

沙拉拉拉拉 GREAT NATIONAL ROUTE! TERMINATES AT WASHINGTON AND BALL TIMORE on the East; and Wheeling, Benwood, and Parkersburg on the West; at which places it unites with railroads, steamers, &c., for and from all points in the West, Southwest and Northwest. West, Southness and Northness.

THREE TRAINS DAILY
FOR ALL THE EASTERN CITIES.
This is the only route to Washington City. Passengers by this route can visit Baltimore. Philadelphia, New York, and Boston, at the cost of a ticket to Boston alone, by other lines,
Through tickets to the Eastern cities can be procured via Washington City at an additional charge of \$2. fee.
Time as quick and fare as low as by any other

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Having had a long experience in the business, we guarantee all of our work to be done in a proper manner.

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GEO. W. BRIGGS has opened the above place opposite the Courier Office, and will be glad to meet old and new friends. Pure Liquors and the best of Ale always on hand for those who thirst and a cold collation for those who hunger, api 4th

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Sleeping Cars attached to all night trains.
Inquire for tickets via EALTIMORE AND OHIO AILEGAD, at any of the principal railroad offices the West.

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22"WATER CLOSETS, WASH BASINS, BATHING APPARATUS, SINES, and everything in the
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